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Child poverty grows as cities expand

28th February, 2012

http://www.breakingnewsenglish.com/1202/120228-child_poverty.html

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THE ARTICLE

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1202/120228-child_poverty.html

A new report from the United Nations Children's Fund warns that hundreds of millions of children in the world's cities are living in poverty. UNICEF's "State of the World's Children Report" says a staggering proportion of children lack the most basic of services, including clean water, education, health, proper toilets. "Urbanization leaves hundreds of millions of children in cities and towns excluded from vital services," the Children's Fund said. The Fund also says these children are among the most disadvantaged and vulnerable in the world because they live in fear of violence and exploitation on a daily basis. Millions of children are forced into child labour and the sex industry.

The report explains how the slums where children live have diseases such as pneumonia and diarrhoea, two of the biggest killers of children under five in the world. UNICEF spokeswoman, Marixie Mercado, says many children are disadvantaged from birth and are excluded from "normal" society in which richer children can thrive. She says: "One-third of children in urban areas are not registered at birth [and that] makes them much more vulnerable to exploitation throughout their lives." UNICEF executive director Anthony Lake added: "Children are vulnerable to....the injuries, illnesses and death that result from living in crowded settlements atop hazardous rubbish dumps or alongside railroad tracks."

WARM-UPS

- **1. CHILD POVERTY:** Walk around the class and talk to other students about child poverty. Change partners often. Sit with your first partner(s) and share your findings.
- **2. CHAT:** In pairs / groups, decide which of these topics or words from the article are most interesting and which are most boring.

report / world cities / basic services / proper toilets / vulnerable / child labour / fear / diseases / killers / pneumonia / disadvantaged / urban areas / vulnerable / dumps

Have a chat about the topics you liked. Change topics and partners frequently.

3. VULNERABLE: How do we protect vulnerable children? Complete this table with your partner(s). Change partners and share what you wrote. Change and share again.

Protect from	How	Problems / Barriers
disease		
violence		
child labour		
gangs		
crime		
drugs		

- **4. BETTER:** Students A **strongly** believe conditions for the world's poor children will get better; Students B **strongly** believe they will get worse. Change partners again and talk about your conversations.
- **5. BASIC SERVICES:** Which are most important to you? Rank them and share your rankings with your partner. Put the most important at the top. Change partners and share your rankings again.

toilets

education

house

Internet

heat

clean water

hospitals

police

6. POVERTY: Spend one minute writing down all of the different words you associate with the word 'poverty'. Share your words with your partner(s) and talk about them. Together, put the words into different categories.

BEFORE READING / LISTENING

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1202/120228-child_poverty.html

1. TRUE / FALSE: Read the headline. Guess if a-h below are true (T) or false (F).

- a. The article is about a WHO report on poor children.
 b. Hundreds of millions of children are living without vital services.
 T / F
- c. The report says millions of poor children live in fear every day.
- d. The report says millions of children volunteer to work.
- e. Pneumonia & diarrhoea are among the deadliest diseases for children. T/F
- f. A UNICEF official said many children have a bad life from birth.
- g. Around 33% of children born in urban areas are registered. T / F
- h. A UNICEF official said children are safer living on top of rubbish dumps. T/F

2. SYNONYM MATCH: Match the following synonyms from the article.

- proportion
 a. absence
- 2 poverty b. dangerous
- 3. lack c. hovels
- 4. proper d. impoverishment
- 5. exploitation e. denied access to
- 6. slums7. excludedg. built-up
- 7. excluded g. built-up
- 8. thrive h. amount 9. urban i. real
- 10. hazardous j. do well

3. PHRASE MATCH: (Sometimes more than one choice is possible.)

- lack the most basic
 a. from vital services
- 2 proper b. in urban areas
- 3. excluded c. into child labour
- 4. they live in fear d. birth
- 5. Millions of children are forced6. the biggest killers off. to exploitation
- 7. disadvantaged from g. of violence
- 8. One-third of children h. toilets
- 9. much more vulnerable10. living in crowdedi. settlementsj. of services

WHILE READING / LISTENING

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1202/120228-child_poverty.html

GAP FILL: Put the words into the gaps in the text.

A new report from the United Nations Children's Fund (1)	
that hundreds of millions of children in the world's	forced
cities are living in poverty. UNICEF's "State of the World's Children Report" says a staggering proportion of children (2)	among
the most basic of services, including clean water,	lack
education, health, (3) toilets. "Urbanization leaves	basis
hundreds of millions of children in cities and towns excluded from (4) services," the Children's Fund said. The Fund	proper
also says these children are (5) the most	warns
disadvantaged and vulnerable in the world because they live in (6)	fear
of violence and exploitation on a daily (7) Millions of children are (8) into	vita
child labour and the sex industry.	
The report explains how the (9) where children live	
have diseases such as pneumonia and diarrhoea, two of the	vulnerable
biggest (10) of children under five in the world.	alongside
UNICEF spokeswoman, Marixie Mercado, says many children are	_
disadvantaged from (11) and are excluded from	killers
"normal" society in which richer children can (12)	result
She says: "One-third of children in (13) areas are	thrive
not registered at birth [and that] makes them much more	
vulnerable to exploitation throughout their lives." UNICEF	slums
executive director Anthony Lake added: "Children are (14)	birth
tothe injuries, illnesses and death that (15)	urban
from living in crowded settlements atop hazardous	arban
rubbish dumps or (16) railroad tracks."	

LISTENING — Listen and fill in the gaps

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1202/120228-child_poverty.html

A new report from the United Nations Children's Fund
of millions of children in the world's cities are living in poverty. UNICEF's
"State of the World's Children Report" says of
children lack services, including clean water,
education, health, "Urbanization leaves hundreds of
millions of children in cities and towns excluded," the
Children's Fund said. The Fund also says these children are
disadvantaged and vulnerable in the world because
of violence and exploitation
Millions of children are forced into child labour and the sex industry.
The report explains how the slums where children live
as pneumonia and diarrhoea, two of
of children under five in the world. UNICEF
spokeswoman, Marixie Mercado, says many children are
birth and "normal" society in
which richer children can thrive. She says: "One-third of children
are not registered at birth [and that] makes them
much more vulnerable to exploitation" UNICEF
executive director Anthony Lake added: "Children are vulnerable tothe
injuries, illnesses and death living in crowded
settlements atop hazardous or alongside railroad
tracks."

AFTER READING / LISTENING

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1202/120228-child poverty.html

1. WORD SEARCH: Look in your dictionary / computer to find collocates, other meanings, information, synonyms ... for the words 'child' and 'poverty'.

child	poverty

- Share your findings with your partners.
- Make questions using the words you found.
- Ask your partner / group your questions.
- **2. ARTICLE QUESTIONS:** Look back at the article and write down some questions you would like to ask the class about the text.
 - Share your questions with other classmates / groups.
 - Ask your partner / group your questions.
- **3. GAP FILL:** In pairs / groups, compare your answers to this exercise. Check your answers. Talk about the words from the activity. Were they new, interesting, worth learning...?
- **4. VOCABULARY:** Circle any words you do not understand. In groups, pool unknown words and use dictionaries to find their meanings.
- **5. TEST EACH OTHER:** Look at the words below. With your partner, try to recall how they were used in the text:

warns	• such
lack	• under
• proper	• normal
• vital	• areas
• fear	• lives
industry	rubbish

CHILD POVERTY SURVEY

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1202/120228-child_poverty.html

Write five GOOD questions about child poverty in the table. Do this in pairs. Each student must write the questions on his / her own paper.

When you have finished, interview other students. Write down their answers.

	STUDENT 1	STUDENT 2	STUDENT 3
Q.1.			
Q.2.			
Q.3.			
Q.4.			
Q.5.			

- Now return to your original partner and share and talk about what you found out. Change partners often.
- Make mini-presentations to other groups on your findings.

CHILD POVERTY DISCUSSION

STUDENT A's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student B)

- a) What did you think when you read the headline?
- b) What springs to mind when you hear the word 'poverty'?
- c) What's the poorest you've ever been?
- d) Why do you think there is still child poverty ii the world?
- e) What would life be like without the most basic services?
- f) How can we stop children from living in fear?
- g) Why don't rich companies do more to reduce child poverty?
- h) To what extent does child poverty exist in your country?
- i) What does it say about our world that children are living in poverty?
- j) How can we stop children being forced into child labour and the sex industry?

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CHILD POVERTY DISCUSSION

STUDENT B's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student A)

- a) Did you like reading this article?
- b) What could you do this week to help children living in poverty?
- c) Why do illnesses such as diarrhoea and pneumonia still kill people?
- d) What would it be like to be excluded from normal society?
- e) Did you thrive as a child?
- f) What questions would you like to ask a child slum dweller?
- g) What do you think his/her answers might be?
- h) Will children still be living in poverty fifty years from now? Why?
- i) What do you think poor children think of the rich world?
- j) What questions would you like to ask UNICEF spokeswoman, Marixie Mercado?

LANGUAGE - MULTIPLE CHOICE

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1202/120228-child_poverty.html

A ne	ew rep	oort from the	United	Nations Ch	ildren's	Fund (1)	tha	t hundreds of	:
	-	f children in the							
		orld's Children				-	-		
		basic of service	-	•		•		` ,	
		tion leaves hu		_				-	
from	ı (4)	services	s," the	Children's	Fund s	said. The Fu	nd als	o says these	
		re (5) th	=					•	
they	live i	n fear of violer	nce and	l exploitatio	n on a (6) basis	s. Millio	ons of children	J
are 1	forced	into child labo	ur and	the sex ind	lustry.				
The	repor	t explains how	the s	lums where	childre	n live have d	lisease	s (7) as	•
pneı	ımoni	a and diarrhoe	ea, two	of the big	gest kill	ers of childre	en und	ler five in the	!
worl	d. U	NICEF spokes	swoma	n, Marixie	Merca	do, says r	many	children are	!
disa	dvant	aged from (8)		and are e	xcluded	from "norm	al" soc	ciety in which	
riche	er chil	dren can thriv	e. She	says: "One	e-third c	of children in	(9) _	areas are	!
	_	ered at birth	_	_					
-		on (11) th						-	
		are vulnerable		=				_	
		d settlements	(12) _	hazard	lous rub	bish dumps (or alon	igside railroad	
tracl	KS.								
Put	the c	orrect words	from	the table b	elow in	the above a	article		
1.	(a)	warnings	(b)	warning	(c)	warn	(d)	warns	
2.	(a)	up	(b)	out	(c)	in	(d)	of	
3.	(a)	back	(b)	lack	(c)	tack	(d)	rack	
4.	(a)	vital	(b)	ritual	(c)	virtual	(d)	viral	
5.	(a)	between	(b)	through	(c)	among	(d)	via	
6.	(a)	daytime	(b)	day's	(c)	day	(d)	daily	
7.	(a)	much	(b)	such	(c)	many	(d)	SO	
8.	(a)	birth	(b)	born	(c)	delivery	(d)	pregnancy	
9.	(a)	mundane	(b)	urban	(c)	prominent	(d)	prosper	
10.	(a)	many	(b)	such	(c)	much	(d)	from	
11.	(a)	throughout	(b)	thought	(c)	thorough	(d)	though	
12.	(a)	topping	(b)	top	(c)	tops	(d)	atop	

WRITING

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1202/120228-child_poverty.html

Write about child poverty for 10 minutes. Correct your partner's paper.					

HOMEWORK

- **1. VOCABULARY EXTENSION:** Choose several of the words from the text. Use a dictionary or Google's search field (or another search engine) to build up more associations / collocations of each word.
- **2. INTERNET:** Search the Internet and find out more about the UNICEF report. Share what you discover with your partner(s) in the next lesson.
- **3. CHILD POVERTY:** Make a poster about child poverty. Show your work to your classmates in the next lesson. Did you all have similar things?
- **4. SLUM:** Write a magazine article about a child living in a slum. Include imaginary interviews with that child and a rich child.

Read what you wrote to your classmates in the next lesson. Write down any new words and expressions you hear from your partner(s).

5. LETTER: Write a letter to a child slum dweller. Ask him/her three questions about his/her life. Give him/her three pieces of advice. Read your letter to your partner(s) in your next lesson. Your partner(s) will answer your questions.

ANSWERS

TRUE / FALSE:

a. F b. T c. T d. F e. T f. T g. F h. F

SYNONYM MATCH:

1. proportion

2 poverty

3. lack

4. proper

5. exploitation

6. slums

7. excluded

8. thrive

9. urban

10. hazardous

a. amount

b. impoverishment

c. absence

d. real

e. abuse

f. hovels

g. denied access to

h. do well

i. built-up

j. dangerous

PHRASE MATCH:

1. lack the most basic

2 proper

3. excluded

4. they live in fear

5. Millions of children are forced

6. the biggest killers of

7. disadvantaged from

8. One-third of children

9. much more vulnerable

10. living in crowded

a. of services

b. toilets

c. from vital services

d. of violence

e. into child labour

f. children under five

g. birth

h. in urban areas

i. to exploitation

i. settlements

GAP FILL:

Child poverty grows as cities expand

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The report explains how the (9) **slums** where children live have diseases such as pneumonia and diarrhoea, two of the biggest (10) **killers** of children under five in the world. UNICEF spokeswoman, Marixie Mercado, says many children are disadvantaged from (11) **birth** and are excluded from "normal" society in which richer children can (12) **thrive**. She says: "One-third of children in (13) **urban** areas are not registered at birth [and that] makes them much more vulnerable to exploitation throughout their lives." UNICEF executive director Anthony Lake added: "Children are (14) **vulnerable** to....the injuries, illnesses and death that (15) **result** from living in crowded settlements atop hazardous rubbish dumps or (16) **alongside** railroad tracks."

LANGUAGE WORK

1-d 2-c 3-b 4-a 5-c 6-d 7-b 8-a 9-b 10-c 11-a 12-d