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### Level 6

## 16 million children in need in South Asia floods 5th September, 2017

http://www.breakingnewsenglish.com/1709/170905-south-asia-floods.html

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## Please try Levels 4 and 5 (they are easier).

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### THE ARTICLE

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1709/170905-south-asia-floods.html

The United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) has warned that an estimated 16 million children are "in urgent need of life-saving support" following the torrential monsoon rains and catastrophic flooding that have hit Bangladesh, India and Nepal. Up to a third of Bangladesh is currently under water. A total of 45 million people have been badly affected in the rains, which started several weeks ago. UNICEF said: "Millions of children have seen their lives swept away by these devastating floods. Children have lost their homes, schools and even friends and loved ones." It added: "There is a danger the worst could still be to come as rains continue and flood waters move south."

UNICEF said it is putting all its efforts into helping those who need it most. It said: "[We are] on the ground working in close coordination with respective governments and humanitarian partners in the South Asian countries to scale up [our] responses and respond to the immediate needs of affected children and their families." It added: "Massive damage to school infrastructure and supplies means hundreds of thousands of children may miss weeks or months of school. Getting children back into school is absolutely critical in establishing a sense of stability for children during times of crisis and provides a sense of normality when everything else is being turned upside down."

Sources: http://www.**un.org**/apps/news/story.asp?NewsID=57455#.Wau7DIWi4qY

https://www.voanews.com/a/unicef-south-asia-floods-children/4012512.html

http://www.pbs.org/newshour/updates/flooding-south-asia-killed-1400-communities-brace/

### **WARM-UPS**

- **1. FLOODS:** Students walk around the class and talk to other students about floods. Change partners often and share your findings.
- **2. CHAT:** In pairs / groups, talk about these topics or words from the article. What will the article say about them? What can you say about these words and your life?

estimated / urgent / monsoon / catastrophic / affected / UNICEF / floods / danger / efforts / coordination / humanitarian / infrastructure / critical / crisis / normality

Have a chat about the topics you liked. Change topics and partners frequently.

- **3. DEFENCES:** Students A **strongly** believe the world should provide South Asian countries with flood defences; Students B **strongly** believe South Asian countries should provide their own flood defences. Change partners again and talk about your conversations.
- **4. NATURAL DISASTERS:** How can countries better prepare for natural disasters? Complete this table with your partner(s). Change partners often and share what you wrote.

	Defences	Effectiveness
Floods		
Hurricanes		
Fires		
Earthquakes		
Heat waves		
Heavy snow		

- **5. RAIN:** Spend one minute writing down all of the different words you associate with the word "rain". Share your words with your partner(s) and talk about them. Together, put the words into different categories.
- **6. INFRASTRUCTURE:** Rank these with your partner. Put the most important areas of infrastructure to get in place after a disaster at the top. Change partners often and share your rankings.
  - roads
  - schools
  - Internet
  - railways

- houses
- food delivery
- · clean water
- · hospitals

## **BEFORE READING / LISTENING**

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1709/170905-south-asia-floods.html

### 1. TRUE / FALSE: Read the headline. Guess if a-h below are true (T) or false (F).

- a. UNICEF is the name of a United Nations organization. T / F
- c. The article said 45 million people have been badly affected. **T/F**
- d. The article said the worst of the rains and floods are over. T / F
- e. UNICEF is working separately to humanitarian groups. T / F
- f. UNICEF said it would do more to help affected children. **T/F**
- g. Getting children back to school was not a top priority. T / F
- h. The article said children's worlds have been turned upside down. T / F

#### 2. SYNONYM MATCH:

Match the following synonyms. The words in **bold** are from the news article.

- 1. warned
- 2. estimated
- 3. catastrophic
- 4. currently
- 5. danger
- 6. efforts
- 7. responses
- 8. massive
- 9. critical
- 10. sense

- a. presently
- b. disastrous
- c. vital
- d. risk
- e. reactions
- f. cautioned
- g. huge
- h. feeling
- i. approximated
- j. energy

### **3. PHRASE MATCH:** (Sometimes more than one choice is possible.)

- 1. in urgent need
- 2. torrential
- 3. Up to a
- 4. A total of 45 million people have
- 5. There is a danger the worst could
- 6. helping those who
- 7. scale
- 8. Massive damage to school
- 9. absolutely
- 10. everything else is being turned

- a. up our responses
- b. third of Bangladesh
- c. infrastructure
- d. need it most
- e. upside down
- f. of life-saving support
- g. critical
- h. been badly affected
- i. monsoon rains
- i. still be to come

## **GAP FILL**

The United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) has warned that an	badly
(1) 16 million children are "in urgent need of life-	torrential
saving support" following the (2) monsoon rains	worst
and catastrophic flooding that have hit Bangladesh, India and	
Nepal. Up to a (3) of Bangladesh is	currently
(4) under water. A total of 45 million people have	loved
been (5) affected in the rains, which started	estimated
several weeks ago. UNICEF said: "Millions of children have seen	third
their lives (6) away by these devastating floods.	swept
Children have lost their homes, schools and even friends and	SWEPT
(7) ones." It added: "There is a danger the	
(8) could still be to come as rains continue and	
flood waters move south."	
UNICEF said it is putting all its (9) into helping	scale
those who need it most. It said: "[We are] on the ground working	critical
in close coordination with (10) governments and	respective
humanitarian partners in the South Asian countries to	,
(11) up [our] responses and respond to the	upside
immediate (12) of affected children and their	needs
families." It added: "Massive damage to school infrastructure and	sense
(13) means hundreds of thousands of children may	efforts
miss weeks or months of school. Getting children back into school	supplies
is absolutely (14) in establishing a sense of	заррпсз
stability for children during times of crisis and provides a	
(15) of normality when everything else is being	

## **LISTENING** – Guess the answers. Listen to check.

1)	an	estimated 16 million children are in urgent need of
-,		life-save in support
		live-saver support
		life-saving support
	d.	live-saving support
2)		to a third of Bangladesh is water
		currency under
		current tree under
		currant lea under currently under
31		llions of children have seen their lives swept away by these
٥,		diva station floods
		devastating floods
		devastated floods
	d.	diva stating floods
4)		ildren have lost their homes, schools and even friends
		and beloved ones
		end loved ones
	_	end beloved ones and loved ones
5)		anger the worst could still be to come as rains continue and south
٥,		floods waters move
		flooded waters move
	c.	flooding waters move
		flood waters move
6)		e are on the ground working in close coordination governments
		with respectively
		with respect it with respect with
		with respective
7)		ale up our responses and respond to the immediate needs of
. ,		affected children
	h	
	υ.	affect it children
	c.	afflicted children
	c. d.	afflicted children affects children
8)	c. d. hu	afflicted children affects children ndreds of thousands of children may
8)	c. d. hu a.	afflicted children affects children indreds of thousands of children may missed weeks
8)	c. d. hu a. b.	afflicted children affects children ndreds of thousands of children may missed weeks mist weeks
8)	c. d. hu a. b. c.	afflicted children affects children indreds of thousands of children may missed weeks mist weeks miss weeks
	c. d. hu a. b. c. d.	afflicted children affects children indreds of thousands of children may missed weeks mist weeks miss weeks myths weeks
	c. d. hu a. b. c. d. ab	afflicted children affects children indreds of thousands of children may missed weeks mist weeks miss weeks
	c. d. hu a. b. c. d. ab a.	afflicted children affects children indreds of thousands of children may missed weeks mist weeks miss weeks myths weeks solutely critical in establishing a sense of stability for children during
	c. d. hu a. b. c. d. ab a. b. c.	afflicted children affects children indreds of thousands of children may missed weeks mist weeks mist weeks myths weeks solutely critical in establishing a sense of stability for children during times off crisis timeless of cry sis
9)	c. d. hu a. b. c. d. ab a. c. d.	afflicted children affects children indreds of thousands of children may missed weeks mist weeks mist weeks myths weeks solutely critical in establishing a sense of stability for children during times off crisis timeless of cry sis times of crisis
9)	c. d. hu a. b. c. d. ab c. d. p. p.	afflicted children affects children indreds of thousands of children may missed weeks mist weeks mist weeks myths weeks solutely critical in establishing a sense of stability for children during times off crisis timeless of crisis times of cry sis times of crisis times of crisis times of crisis
9)	c. d. hu a. b. c. d. ab. c. d. p a.	afflicted children affects children indreds of thousands of children may missed weeks mist weeks mist weeks myths weeks solutely critical in establishing a sense of stability for children during times off crisis timeless of crisis times of cry sis times of cry sis times of crisis times of crisis times of crisis
9)	c. d. hu a. b. c. d. ab. c. d. p a. b.	afflicted children affects children indreds of thousands of children may missed weeks mist weeks mist weeks myths weeks solutely critical in establishing a sense of stability for children during times off crisis timeless of crisis times of cry sis times of crisis times of crisis times of crisis

## **LISTENING** – Listen and fill in the gaps

THE Officed	Nations (	Children's	Fund	(UNICE	F) ha	s w	arned
(1)		16 million	children	are "in	urgent r	need o	f life-
saving support'	' following	the (2)				rains	and
catastrophic flo	oding that	have h	nit Bang	ladesh,	India a	and I	Nepal.
(3)		Banglades	sh is curr	ently und	er wate	r. A to	tal of
45 million p	eople hav	e been	badly	affected	in	the	rains,
(4)		weeks ag	jo. UNICE	F said: '	"Millions	of ch	ildren
have seen their	· lives swep	t away b	y these	(5)			
Children have los	st their hom	es, school	s and eve	en friends	and lov	ed one	es." It
added: "There is	a danger th	ne worst c	ould still	be to con	ne as ra	ins cor	ntinue
and (6)		south.	. "				
UNICEF said it is	putting (7)			into	o helping	g those	e who
UNICEF said it is need it most. It with respective	said: "[We a	are] on the	e ground	working i	n close (	coordir	nation
need it most. It	said: "[We a	are] on the s and (8)	e ground	working i	n close (	coordin	nation South
need it most. It with respective	said: "[We a government: to scale up	are] on the s and (8) [our] resp	e ground ——— oonses ar	working i	n close o	coording the imme	nation South ediate
need it most. It with respective Asian countries (9)	said: "[We a government to scale up	are] on the s and (8) [our] resp _ childre	e ground  oonses ar  and	working indexision in the indexingular with the indexingular in the indexingular indexisted in the ind	n close o ind d to the milies."	coording the second in the sec	nation South ediate dded:
need it most. It with respective shall sha	said: "[We a government: to scale up	are] on the s and (8) [our] resp _ childred _ to scho	e ground  oonses ar  and  ool infrast	working indexision in the indexingular with the indexingular and in the indexingular indexisted in the	n close of the milies."	coording the immediate of the immediate	nation South ediate dded: neans
need it most. It with respective shall shall also have a second of the s	said: "[We a government to scale up usands of c	are] on the sand (8) [our] resp _ childred _ to school	oonses are and ool infrast	working indexision in their farecture and weeks or	n close of the milies."  and support the months	coording the second in the sec	nation South ediate dded: neans chool.
need it most. It with respective (Asian countries (9)	said: "[We agovernment: to scale up usands of controls	are] on the s and (8)  [our] resp children to school	oonses are and ool infrast ay miss is (11)	working indexing indexing the indexingular and indexingul	n close of the milies."  and support the months	coording the second in the sec	nation South ediate dded: neans chool in
need it most. It with respective (Asian countries (9)  "(10) hundreds of the Getting children	said: "[We agovernments to scale up usands of contact into	are] on the s and (8)  [our] resp _ children _ to school ability for	oonses are and ool infrast ay miss is (11) children	working in their far weeks or during to the working	n close of the milies." and support months	coording the second in the sec	nation South ediate dded: neans chool. in and

## **COMPREHENSION QUESTIONS**

1.	What did the article say the children were in urgent need of?
2.	What adjective did the article use to describe the monsoon rains?
3.	How many people have been badly affected in South Asia?
4.	When did the rains start?
5.	Where will the floods move?
6.	What partners is UNICEF working closely with?
7.	What is UNICEF doing to its responses?
8.	What did the article say was massively damaged?
9.	What might children miss for weeks or months?
10.	What did the article say was turned upside down in children's lives?

## **MULTIPLE CHOICE - QUIZ**

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1709/170905-south-asia-floods.html

- 1) What did the article say the children were in urgent need of?
- a) food
- b) love
- c) life-saving support
- d) clean water
- 2) What adjective did the article use to describe the monsoon rains?
- a) torrential
- b) heavy
- c) intermittent
- d) sporadic
- 3) How many people have been badly affected in South Asia?
- a) 47 million
- b) 45 million
- c) 48 million
- d) 43 million
- 4) When did the rains start?
- a) a few days ago
- b) many moons ago
- c) a month ago
- d) several weeks ago
- 5) Where will the floods move?
- a) east
- b) north
- c) south
- d) west

- 6) What partners is UNICEF working closely with?
- a) new partners
- b) humanitarian partners
- c) UN partners
- d) old partners
- 7) What is UNICEF doing to its responses?
- a) decreasing them
- b) addressing them
- c) detailing them
- d) scaling them up
- 8) What did the article say was massively damaged?
- a) hospitals
- b) school infrastructure
- c) community centres
- d) railways
- 9) What might children miss for weeks or months?
- a) families
- b) school
- c) deadlines
- d) normal life
- 10) What did the article say was turned upside down in children's lives?
- a) everything else
- b) toys
- c) books
- d) their beds

### **ROLE PLAY**

From <a href="http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1709/170905-south-asia-floods.html">http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1709/170905-south-asia-floods.html</a>

### Role A - Roads

You think roads are the most important things to repair after a natural disaster. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them why their things aren't as important. Also, tell the others which is the least important of these (and why): the Internet, schools or hospitals.

#### Role B - The Internet

You think the Internet is the most important thing to repair after a natural disaster. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them why their things aren't as important. Also, tell the others which is the least important of these (and why): roads, schools or hospitals.

#### Role C - Schools

You think schools are the most important things to repair after a natural disaster. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them why their things aren't as important. Also, tell the others which is the least important of these (and why): the Internet, roads or hospitals.

## Role D – Hospitals

You think hospitals are the most important things to repair after a natural disaster. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them why their things aren't as important. Also, tell the others which is the least important of these (and why): the Internet, schools or roads.

## AFTER READING / LISTENING

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1709/170905-south-asia-floods.html

**1. WORD SEARCH:** Look in your dictionary / computer to find collocates, other meanings, information, synonyms ... for the words 'Asia' and 'flood'.

Asia	flood

- Share your findings with your partners.
- Make questions using the words you found.
- Ask your partner / group your questions.
- **2. ARTICLE QUESTIONS:** Look back at the article and write down some questions you would like to ask the class about the text.
  - Share your questions with other classmates / groups.
  - Ask your partner / group your questions.
- **3. GAP FILL:** In pairs / groups, compare your answers to this exercise. Check your answers. Talk about the words from the activity. Were they new, interesting, worth learning...?
- **4. VOCABULARY:** Circle any words you do not understand. In groups, pool unknown words and use dictionaries to find their meanings.
- **5. TEST EACH OTHER:** Look at the words below. With your partner, try to recall how they were used in the text:

<ul> <li>warned</li> </ul>	efforts
<ul><li>third</li></ul>	• close
• 45	<ul> <li>needs</li> </ul>
• swept	• miss
• lost	<ul> <li>absolutely</li> </ul>
• worst	• down

## **FLOODS SURVEY**

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1709/170905-south-asia-floods.html

Write five GOOD questions about floods in the table. Do this in pairs. Each student must write the questions on his / her own paper.

When you have finished, interview other students. Write down their answers.

	STUDENT 1	STUDENT 2	STUDENT 3
Q.1.			
Q.2.			
Q.3.			
Q.4.			
Q.5.			

- Now return to your original partner and share and talk about what you found out. Change partners often.
- · Make mini-presentations to other groups on your findings.

### FLOODS DISCUSSION

STUDENT A's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student B)

- 1. What did you think when you read the headline?
- 2. What images are in your mind when you hear the word 'Asia'?
- 3. What do you know about the floods in South Asia?
- 4. Are the South Asian floods in the news more than the Houston floods?
- 5. How can we help those affected by the floods?
- 6. How bad can flooding get in your country?
- 7. What are the dangers of flooding?
- 8. Why isn't the world doing more to help?
- 9. How can we stop natural disasters happening?
- 10. What could you do to help those affected by the floods?

16 million children in need in South Asia floods – 5th September, 2017 Thousands more free lessons at www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com

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## **FLOODS DISCUSSION**

STUDENT B's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student A)

- 11. Did you like reading this article? Why/not?
- 12. What do you think of when you hear the word 'floods'?
- 13. What do you think about what you read?
- 14. What do you know about UNICEF?
- 15. What do charities do to help people affected by the floods?
- 16. What are the immediate needs of the children?
- 17. How can the world help with the education of the children?
- 18. How serious is global warming?
- 19. What would it be like for your world to be turned upside down?
- 20. What questions would you like to ask UNICEF?

## **DISCUSSION** (Write your own questions)

STUDENT A's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student B)

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S	SCUSSION (W				
		rite yo	ur owr	n quest	tions)
	SCUSSION (W	rite yo	ur owr	n quest	tions)
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	SCUSSION (W	rite yo	ur owr	n quest	tions)

## **LANGUAGE - CLOZE**

The	Unite	d Nations Childi	ren's	Fund (UNICEF	) has	s (1) tha	at an	estimated 16
		ldren are "in (2)		=	-			
		rains and catast						
		nird of Banglade	-	_		_		· ·
-		n badly affected		` '				
		lions of childre						_
		ig floods. Childr				•		
		s." It added: "Th				•		
		inue and flood w				(		
UNIC	EF sa	aid it is putting	all it	rs (7) int	o he	lpina those wh	no ne	ed it most. It
		e are] on the gr						
	_	nts and human						-
_		[our] responses		•				
and	their f	families." It add	ed: "I	Massive damag	e to	school infrastri	ucture	e and supplies
(10)		hundreds of the	ousar	nds of children	may	miss weeks or	mon	ths of school.
Getti	ng ch	ildren back into	scho	ool is absolutel	y (11	.) in esta	blishi	ng a sense of
stabi	lity fo	or children durir	ng tir	mes of crisis a	nd pi	rovides a (12)		of normality
wher	n ever	rything else is be	eing t	urned upside d	lown.	II.		
Put	the c	orrect words f	rom	the table belo	w in	the above ar	ticle	
1.	(a)	warns	(b)	warn	(c)	warning	(d)	warned
2.	(a)	urgencies	(b)	urgently	(c)	urgency	(d)	urgent
3.	(a)	follow	(b)	following	(c)	followed	(d)	follows
4.	(a)	currency	(b)	current	(c)	currently	(d)	currents
5.	(a)	of	(b)	at	(c)	by	(d)	on
6.	(a)	at	(b)	be	(c)	as	(d)	way
7.	(a)	effects	(b)	efforts	(c)	effortless	(d)	affects
8.	(a)	in	(b)	on	(c)	at	(d)	by
9.	(a)	of	(b)	up	(c)	down	(d)	at
10.	(a)	meanings	(b)	meanies	(c)	means	(d)	meanness
11.	(a)	critically	(b)	critic	(c)	critical	(d)	critics
12.	(a)	sensitive	(b)	sensory	(c)	nonsense	(d)	sense

### **SPELLING**

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1709/170905-south-asia-floods.html

## Paragraph 1

- 1. an dettaiesm 16 million children
- 2. in eurgnt need of life-saving support
- 3. noratrteli monsoon rains
- 4. Bangladesh is lycrruten under water
- 5. badly <u>dcffeaet</u> in the rains
- 6. swept away by these <u>itandtsgeav</u> floods

## Paragraph 2

- 7. in close coordination with <u>iercestpve</u> governments
- 8. scale up our osessrnpe
- 9. <u>saesvim</u> damage
- 10. school uiacrtnsutfrre
- 11. establishing a sense of <u>tyiaibtls</u> for children
- 12. being turned <u>dsipeu</u> down

## **PUT THE TEXT BACK TOGETHER**

From <a href="http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1709/170905-south-asia-floods.html">http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1709/170905-south-asia-floods.html</a>

#### Number these lines in the correct order.

		or months of school. Getting children
(	)	saving support" following the torrential monsoon rains and catastrophic flooding that have hit
(	)	Bangladesh, India and Nepal. Up to a third of Bangladesh is currently under water. A total
(	)	needs of affected children and their families." It added: "Massive damage to school infrastructure and
(	)	ago. UNICEF said: "Millions of children have seen their lives swept away by these devastating
(	)	ground working in close coordination with respective governments and humanitarian
(	)	danger the worst could still be to come as rains continue and flood waters move south."
(	)	partners in the South Asian countries to scale up [our] responses and respond to the immediate
(	)	floods. Children have lost their homes, schools and even friends and loved ones." It added: "There is a
(	)	of 45 million people have been badly affected in the rains, which started several weeks
(	)	back into school is absolutely critical in establishing a sense of stability for children during times of
(	<b>1</b> )	The United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) has warned that an estimated 16 million children are "in urgent need of life-
(	)	UNICEF said it is putting all its efforts into helping those who need it most. It said: "[We are] on the
(	)	crisis and provides a sense of normality when everything else is being turned upside down."

supplies means hundreds of thousands of children may miss weeks

### PUT THE WORDS IN THE RIGHT ORDER

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1709/170905-south-asia-floods.html

- 1. need Children urgent life support in of saving are .
- 2. and Rains flooding Bangladesh that catastrophic hit have .
- 3. of currently Up third is water a Bangladesh under to .
- 4. lives children swept have away seen Millions their of .
- 5. continue could to rains worst be as The still come .
- 6. all into it helping most those its who efforts need Putting.
- 7. affected of needs immediate the to Respond children .
- 8. of months or weeks miss may Children school .
- 9. a establishing in critical Absolutely stability of sense .
- 10. else being upside Everything is turned down .

## **CIRCLE THE CORRECT WORD (20 PAIRS)**

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1709/170905-south-asia-floods.html

The United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) has warned that an *estimate / estimated* 16 million children are "in *urgent / urgency* need of life-saving support" *following / followed* the torrential monsoon rains and *catastrophe / catastrophic* flooding that have hit Bangladesh, India and Nepal. Up to a *third / thirdly* of Bangladesh is currently under water. A total of 45 million people have been badly affected *in / on* the rains, which started *severe / several* weeks ago. UNICEF said: "Millions of children have seen their lives *wept / swept* away by these devastating floods. Children have lost their homes, schools and *even / eventual* friends and loved ones." It added: "There is a danger the worst could still be to come as rains continue and flood waters move *southern / south*."

UNICEF said it is putting all its *efforts* / *effects* into helping those who need it most. It said: "[We are] on the ground working in *closet* / *close* coordination with *respective* / *respectively* governments and humanitarian partners in the South Asian countries to scale *down* / *up* [our] responses and respond to the immediate needs *at* / *of* affected children and their families." It added: "Massive damage to school infrastructure and *supply* / *supplies* means hundreds of thousands of children may *miss* / *missing* weeks or months of school. Getting children back *into* / *onto* school is absolutely critical in establishing a *sensible* / *sense* of stability for children during times of crisis and provides a sense of normality when everything else is *been* / *being* turned upside down."

Talk about the connection between each pair of words in italics, and why the correct word is correct.

## **INSERT THE VOWELS (a, e, i, o, u)**

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1709/170905-south-asia-floods.html

Th\_ \_n\_t\_d N\_t\_\_ns Ch\_ldr\_n's F\_nd (\_N\_C\_F) h\_s w rn d th t n \_st\_m\_t\_d 16 m\_ll\_\_n ch\_ldr\_n \_r\_ "\_n rgntn d flf-svngspprt" fllwngth t\_rr\_nt\_\_l m\_ns\_\_n r\_\_ns \_nd c\_t\_str\_ph\_c fl\_\_d\_ng th\_t h\_v\_ h\_t B\_ngl\_d\_sh, \_nd\_\_ \_nd N\_p\_l. \_p t\_ \_ th\_rd \_f B\_ngl\_d\_sh \_s c\_rr\_ntly \_nd\_r w\_t\_r. \_ t\_t\_l \_f 45 m\_ll\_\_n p\_\_pl\_ h\_v\_ b\_\_n b\_dly \_ff\_ct\_d \_n th\_ r\_\_ns, wh\_ch st\_rt\_d s\_v\_r\_l w\_\_ks \_g\_. \_N\_C\_F s\_\_d: "M\_II\_\_ns \_f ch\_Idr\_n h\_v\_ s\_\_n th\_\_r I\_v\_s sw\_pt wybyths dvsttngflds. Chldrnhvlst th\_\_r h\_m\_s, sch\_\_ls \_nd \_v\_n fr\_\_nds \_nd l\_v\_d \_n\_s." \_t \_dd\_d: "Th\_r\_ \_s \_ d\_ng\_r th\_ w\_rst c\_\_ld st\_ll b\_ t\_ c\_m\_ \_s r\_\_ns c\_nt\_n\_\_ \_nd fl\_\_d w\_t\_rs m v s th." NCFs d t sptt ng II ts ff rts nt h lp ng th\_s\_ wh\_ n\_\_d \_t m\_st. \_t s\_\_d: "[W\_ \_r\_] \_n th\_ gr\_\_nd w\_rk\_ng \_n cl\_s\_ c\_\_rd\_n\_t\_\_n w\_th r sp ct v g v rnm nts nd h m n t r n p rtn rs n th\_ S\_\_th \_s\_\_n c\_\_ntr\_\_s t\_ sc\_l\_ \_p [\_\_r] r\_sp\_ns\_s \_nd r\_sp\_nd t\_ th\_ \_mm\_d\_\_t\_ n\_\_ds \_f \_ff\_ct\_d ch\_ldr\_n \_nd th\_\_r f\_m\_l\_\_s." \_t \_dd\_d: "M\_ss\_v\_ d\_m\_g\_ t\_ sch\_\_l \_nfr\_str\_ct\_r\_ \_nd s\_ppl\_\_s m\_\_ns hndrds fth snds fchldrnmymssw ksr m nths fsch I. G tt ng ch ldr n b ck nt sch I s \_bs\_l\_t\_ly cr\_t\_c\_l \_n \_st\_bl\_sh\_ng \_ s\_ns\_ \_f st\_b\_l\_ty f\_r ch\_ldr\_n d\_r\_ng t\_m\_s \_f cr\_s\_s \_nd pr v d s s ns f n rm l ty wh n v ryth ng ls \_s b\_\_ng t\_rn\_d \_ps\_d\_ d\_wn."

### PUNCTUATE THE TEXT AND ADD CAPITALS

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1709/170905-south-asia-floods.html

the united nations children's fund (unicef) has warned that an estimated 16 million children are "in urgent need of life-saving support" following the torrential monsoon rains and catastrophic flooding that have hit bangladesh india and nepal up to a third of bangladesh is currently under water a total of 45 million people have been badly affected in the rains which started several weeks ago unicef said "millions of children have seen their lives swept away by these devastating floods children have lost their homes schools and even friends and loved ones" it added "there is a danger the worst could still be to come as rains continue and flood waters move south" unicef said it is putting all its efforts into helping those who need it most it said "[we are] on the ground working in close coordination with respective governments and humanitarian partners in the south asian countries to scale up [our] responses and respond to the immediate needs of affected children and their families" it added "massive damage to school infrastructure and supplies means hundreds of thousands of children may miss weeks or months of school getting children back into school is absolutely critical in establishing a sense of stability for children during times of crisis and provides a sense of normality when everything else is being turned upside down"

## PUT A SLASH ( / ) WHERE THE SPACES ARE

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1709/170905-south-asia-floods.html

TheUnitedNationsChildren'sFund(UNICEF)haswarnedthatanestima ted16millionchildrenare"inurgentneedoflife-savingsupport"followi ngthetorrentialmonsoonrainsandcatastrophicfloodingthathavehitB angladesh, Indiaand Nepal. Upto a third of Bangladeshis currently under water. Atotal of 45 million people have been badly affected in the rains, wh ichstartedseveralweeksago.UNICEFsaid:"Millionsofchildrenhavesee ntheirlivessweptawaybythesedevastatingfloods. Childrenhavelostth eirhomes, schools and even friends and loved ones. "It added: "There is a dangertheworstcouldstillbetocomeasrainscontinueandfloodwaters movesouth."UNICEFsaiditisputtingallitseffortsintohelpingthosewho needitmost.Itsaid:"[Weare]onthegroundworkinginclosecoordinatio nwithrespectivegovernmentsandhumanitarianpartnersintheSouthA siancountriestoscaleup[our]responsesandrespondtotheimmediate needsofaffectedchildrenandtheirfamilies."Itadded: "Massivedamag etoschoolinfrastructureandsuppliesmeanshundredsofthousandsofc hildrenmaymissweeksormonthsofschool. Gettingchildrenbackintosc hoolisabsolutelycriticalinestablishingasenseofstabilityforchildrendu ringtimesofcrisisandprovidesasenseofnormalitywheneverythingels eisbeingturnedupsidedown."

## **FREE WRITING**

Write about <b>floods</b> for 10 minutes. Comment on your partner's paper.										

## **ACADEMIC WRITING**

hat can the world do to better help flood victims?								

### **HOMEWORK**

- **1. VOCABULARY EXTENSION:** Choose several of the words from the text. Use a dictionary or Google's search field (or another search engine) to build up more associations / collocations of each word.
- **2. INTERNET:** Search the Internet and find out more about this news. Share what you discover with your partner(s) in the next lesson.
- **3. FLOODS:** Make a poster about floods around the world. Show your work to your classmates in the next lesson. Did you all have similar things?
- **4. NATURAL DISASTERS:** Write a magazine article about governments spending more money on helping people in natural disasters than they do on weapons. Include imaginary interviews with people who are for and against it.

Read what you wrote to your classmates in the next lesson. Write down any new words and expressions you hear from your partner(s).

- **5. WHAT HAPPENED NEXT?** Write a newspaper article about the next stage in this news story. Read what you wrote to your classmates in the next lesson. Give each other feedback on your articles.
- **6. LETTER:** Write a letter to an expert on floods. Ask him/her three questions about them. Give him/her three of your ideas on how to better help flood victims. Read your letter to your partner(s) in your next lesson. Your partner(s) will answer your questions.

### **ANSWERS**

### TRUE / FALSE (p.4)

at bfct dfefft gfht

### **SYNONYM MATCH (p.4)**

- 1. warned
- 2. estimated
- 3. catastrophic
- 4. currently
- 5. danger
- 6. efforts
- 7. responses
- 8. massive
- 9. critical
- 10. sense

- a. cautioned
- b. approximated
- c. disastrous
- d. presently
- e. risk
- f. energy
- g. reactions
- h. huge
- i. vital
- j. feeling

## **COMPREHENSION QUESTIONS (p.8)**

- 1. Life-saving support
- 2. Torrential
- 3. 45 million
- 4. Several weeks ago
- 5. South
- 6. Humanitarian partners
- 7. Scaling them up
- 8. School infrastructure
- 9. School
- 10. Everything else

### **MULTIPLE CHOICE - QUIZ (p.9)**

1. c 2. a 3. b 4. d 5. c 6. b 7. d 8. b 9. b 10. a

#### **ALL OTHER EXERCISES**

Please check for yourself by looking at the Article on page 2. (It's good for your English ;-)