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Iceland's prime minister and women go on strike - 26th October 2023

Level 0

Women in Iceland went on strike for greater equality. The prime minister joined the strike. She told reporters about the "Women's Day Off". She said: "We are still tackling the gender-based wage gap. This is unacceptable in 2023." Women in Iceland stopped work to show how important they are to society."

The strike was the seventh in Iceland's history. The last one was in 1975. A year later, Iceland passed an equal pay law. Iceland was the first European country to have a woman leader. It has the smallest gender gap in the world. However lowering gender-based violence is a top goal for Iceland.

Level 1

Women in Iceland went on strike on Tuesday for greater gender equality. The prime minister also took part in the strike. She told reporters about the "Women's Day Off". She said: "We have not yet reached our goals of full gender equality and we are still tackling the gender-based wage gap, which is unacceptable in 2023." Women in Iceland stopped work to show how important they are to society."

The strike was the seventh in Iceland's history and the first in 50 years. The last strike was in 1975. A year later, Iceland passed an equal pay law. In 1980, Iceland became the first European country to have a woman leader. Iceland has had the smallest gender gap in the world for 14 years. However, the prime minister wants to lower gender-based violence. She said it was a top goal for her government.

Level 2

Women in Iceland went on strike on Tuesday. The strike was for greater gender equality in the country. Prime minister Katrin Jakobsdottir also took part in the strike. She told reporters about the "Women's Day Off". She said: "We have not yet reached our goals of full gender equality and we are still tackling the gender-based wage gap, which is unacceptable in 2023." All women in Iceland were encouraged to stop both paid and unpaid work. For the whole day, women went on strike to show how important they are to society."

The strike was the seventh in Iceland's history. It was the first in nearly 50 years. The last strike was in 1975. Then, 90 per cent of women did not go to work or do housework. The following year, Iceland passed an equal pay law. In 1980, Iceland became the first country in Europe to have a woman as head of state. Iceland has had the smallest gender gap of any country for 14 years. Despite this, Ms Jakobsdottir, said there is still a long way to go. She wants to lower gender-based violence. She said this was a "priority" for her government.

Level 3

Women across Iceland joined their prime minister in going on strike on Tuesday. The action was part of a campaign for greater gender equality in the country. Prime minister Katrin Jakobsdottir told reporters why she took part in the "Women's Day Off". She said: "As you know, we have not yet reached our goals of full gender equality and we are still tackling the gender-based wage gap, which is unacceptable in 2023." A spokeswoman for the day off said: "On 24 October, all women in Iceland were encouraged to stop work, both paid and unpaid. For the whole day, women (and non-binary people) went on strike, to demonstrate the importance of their contribution to society."

Yesterday was the seventh time that women in Iceland have gone on strike. It was the first such action in nearly 50 years. The last strike was in 1975, when 90 per cent of women did not go to work and did not do housework. The following year, Iceland passed an equal pay law. In 1980, Iceland became the first country in Europe to elect a woman as head of state. According to the World Economic Forum, Iceland has had the smallest gender gap of any country for 14 years in a row. Despite this, Ms Jakobsdottir, said there is still a long way to go. She wants women's pay to be equal to men's pay. She also wants a reduction in gender-based violence. Ms Jakobsdottir said this was a "priority" for her government to tackle.