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### Level 3

## Hot drinks biggest cause of kids' burns

10th February, 2014

http://www.breakingnewsenglish.com/1402/140210-burns.html

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### Please try Levels 0, 1 and 2 (they are easier).

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### THE ARTICLE

From <a href="http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1402/140210-burns.html">http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1402/140210-burns.html</a>

Hot cups and mugs are the biggest cause of burns in children. This is according to research from Cardiff University in Wales, U.K. The lead researcher, Professor Alison Mary Kemp, said parents needed to be more aware of the dangers to children of everyday objects in the home. She said the most dangerous time for toddlers to burn themselves is from nine months of age. This is when babies begin crawling and walking. They start exploring the rooms around them. Of course, babies do not know what is dangerous and what is not, so they touch everything they can reach up to. Dr Kemp said: "Parents may underestimate the potential reach height of their toddler."

The researchers looked at data from three leading burns departments in U.K. hospitals, as well as five emergency departments. Almost 75 per cent of children treated for burns were under the age of five, with most burn injuries happening to one-year-olds. Most of the burns were because the child reached up and pulled a cup or mug containing a hot drink on top of themself. The researchers warned that any hot drink could burn a baby, even 15 minutes after it has been made. This is because a baby's skin is much thinner than an adult's skin, so it is easier to burn. The researchers advised parents to have a rethink about where they place hot objects and keep them out of reach of small children.

Sources: http://www.**bbc**.co.uk/news/health-26014708

http://www.**theguardian**.com/society/2014/feb/04/hot-drinks-hair-straighteners-children-burns

http://www.webmd.boots.com/children/news/20140204/hot-drinks-child-burns-scalds

### **WARM-UPS**

- **1. BABIES:** Students walk around the class and talk to other students about babies. Change partners often and share your findings.
- **2. CHAT:** In pairs / groups, decide which of these topics or words from the article are most interesting and which are most boring.

cups / research / aware / dangers / everyday objects / toddlers / crawling / potential / data / emergency / hospitals / hot drink / 15 minutes / skin / rethink / small children

Have a chat about the topics you liked. Change topics and partners frequently.

**3. DANGERS:** How dangerous are these to babies and how can we avoid accidents? Complete this table with your partner(s). Change partners often and share what you wrote.

Thing	How dangerous?	How to avoid accidents?
Hot drinks		
Steps		
Pencils		
Insects		
Electric cords		
Small things		

- **4. SAFETY:** Students A **strongly** believe all new parents should take "keep-baby-safe" classes; Students B **strongly** believe this is unnecessary. Change partners again and talk about your conversations.
- **5. DANGEROUS PLACES:** Rank these and share your rankings with your partner. Put the most dangerous places for babies at the top. Share your rankings often.

• the kitchen

• the bath / bathroom

• the car

the stairs

• the street

• the garden

• supermarkets

• the park

**6. HOT:** Spend one minute writing down all of the different words you associate with the word "hot". Share your words with your partner(s) and talk about them. Together, put the words into different categories.

## **BEFORE READING / LISTENING**

From <a href="http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1402/140210-burns.html">http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1402/140210-burns.html</a>

## 1. TRUE / FALSE: Read the headline. Guess if a-h below are true (T) or false (F).

a.	New research says hot drinks in glasses causes most burns to children.	T / F
b.	A researcher warned parents of the dangers of items in homes.	T / F
c.	The most dangerous time for babies is twelve months.	T / F
d.	The researcher said parents should know how high children can reach.	T / F
e.	Researchers looked at information from 55 hospitals in the U.K.	T / F
f.	Nearly three-quarters of kids with burns were under 5 years old.	T / F
g.	A hot drink is dangerous to a baby even after a quarter of an hour.	T / F
h.	A baby's skin is thicker than an adult's skin.	T / F

### **2. SYNONYM MATCH:** Match the following synonyms from the article.

1.	causes	a.	common
2	aware of	b.	statistics
3.	everyday	C.	possible
4.	exploring	d.	alert to
5.	potential	e.	put
6.	data	f.	reasons
7.	leading	g.	cautioned
8.	warned	h.	range
9.	place	i.	investigating
10.	reach	j.	top

### **3. PHRASE MATCH:** (Sometimes more than one choice is possible.)

1.	according to research	a.	crawling
2	everyday	b.	what is dangerous
3.	This is when babies begin	c.	under the age of five
4.	babies do not know	d.	departments
5.	Parents may underestimate the potential reach	e.	from Cardiff University
6.	emergency	f.	height of their toddler
7.	75% of children treated for burns were	g.	than an adult's skin
8.	any hot drink	h.	of small children
9.	a baby's skin is much thinner	i.	could burn a baby
10.	keep them out of reach	j.	objects

## **GAP FILL**

From <a href="http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1402/140210-burns.html">http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1402/140210-burns.html</a>

Hot cups and mugs are the biggest cause of burns in children. This	crawling
is (1) to research from Cardiff University in Wales,	objects
U.K. The lead researcher, Professor Alison Mary Kemp, said	touch
parents needed to be more (2) of the dangers to	according
children of everyday (3) in the home. She said the	according
most dangerous time for toddlers to burn themselves is from nine	height
months of (4) This is when babies begin	dangerous
(5) and walking. They start exploring the rooms	aware
around them. Of course, babies do not know what is	age
(6) and what is not, so they (7)	age
everything they can reach up to. Dr Kemp said: "Parents may	
underestimate the potential reach (8) of their	
toddler."	
The researchers looked at (9) from three leading	rethink
burns departments in U.K. hospitals, as well as five	after
(10) departments. Almost 75 per cent of children	emergency
treated for burns were (11) the age of five, with	
most burn injuries happening to one-year-olds. Most of the burns	thinner
were because the child reached up and pulled a cup or mug	data
(12) a hot drink on top of themself. The	under
researchers warned that any hot drink could burn a baby, even 15	reach
minutes (13) it has been made. This is because a	containing
baby's skin is much (14) than an adult's skin, so it	containing
is easier to burn. The researchers advised parents to have a	
(15) about where they place hot objects and keep	
them out of (16) of small children.	

## **LISTENING** – Guess the answers. Listen to check.

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1402/140210-burns.html

1)	This is from Cardiff University in Wales, U.K. a. according through research b. according to research c. according too research d. according two research
2)	parents needed to be more aware of the dangers to children ofa. everyday rejects b. everyday subjects c. everyday abject d. everyday objects
3)	This is when babies begin a. cawing and walking b. crawling and waking c. crawling and walking d. cawing and waking
4)	Of course, babies do not know what is dangerous a. and what is hot b. and what is knot c. and what is rot d. and what is not
5)	Parents may underestimate the potential their toddler a. reach high of b. reach height of c. reach hate of d. reach weight of
6)	The researchers looked at data from three leading a. burns departments b. barns departments c. born departments d. bones departments
7)	Almost 75 per cent of children a. treated of burns b. treated four burns c. treated for burns d. treated far burns
8)	a baby's skin is a. much skinnier b. much thinner c. much thicker d. much thin air
9)	The researchers advised parents to a. have a real think b. have a real thing c. have are think d. have a rethink
10)	where they place hot objects and keep them of small children a. out of reach b. out of leech c. out of retch d. out of roach

## **LISTENING** — Listen and fill in the gaps

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1402/140210-burns.html

Hot cups and mugs are the biggest cause of burns in children. This is
(1) from Cardiff University in Wales, U.K. The lead
researcher, Professor Alison Mary Kemp, said parents needed to be more
(2) to children of everyday objects in the home.
She said the (3) for toddlers to burn themselves is
from nine months of age. This is when babies (4)
walking. They start exploring the rooms around them. Of course, babies do
not know what is dangerous (5), so they touch
everything they can reach up to. Dr Kemp said: "Parents may underestimate
the potential reach (6)"
The researchers looked at data from (7)
departments in U.K. hospitals, as well as five emergency departments.
Almost 75 per cent of children treated for burns were
(8) five, with most burn injuries happening to one-
year-olds. Most of the burns were because the child reached up and pulled a
cup or (9) hot drink on top of themself. The
researchers warned that any hot drink could burn a baby, even 15 minutes
after (10) This is because a baby's skin is much
thinner than an adult's skin, so (11) The
researchers advised parents to have a rethink about where they place
(12) them out of reach of small children.

## **COMPREHENSION QUESTIONS**

From <a href="http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1402/140210-burns.html">http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1402/140210-burns.html</a>

1.	Which country is the research from?
2.	Who needs to be more aware of dangers to children?
3.	When is the most dangerous time for babies?
4.	What don't babies know?
5.	What do parents underestimate in babies?
6.	How many emergency departments did researchers look at?
7.	What percentage of children with burns were under five?
8.	How long after making it is a hot drink still dangerous?
9.	Why is a baby's skin easier to burn than an adult's skin?
10.	What must parents keep out of reach of children?

## **MULTIPLE CHOICE - QUIZ**

 $From \ \ \, \underline{http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1402/140210-burns.html}$ 

1.	Which country is the research from?	6.	researchers look at?
	a) England		a) 4
	b) USA		b) 5
	c) Wales		c) 6
	d) Welsh		d) 7
2.	Who needs to be more aware of dangers to children?	7.	What percentage of children with burns were under five?
	a) parents		a) half
	b) researchers		b) four-fifths
	c) the police		c) almost two-thirds
	d) toddlers		d) nearly three-quarters
3.	When is the most dangerous time for babies?	8.	How long after making it is a hot drink still dangerous?
	a) 18 months		a) 18 minutes
	b) 15 months		b) 15 minutes
	c) 12 months		c) 17 minutes
	d) 9 months		d) 16 minutes
4.	What don't babies know?	9.	Why is a baby's skin easier to burn than an adult's skin?
	a) how to make a cup of coffee		a) it's thinner
	b) what is and isn't dangerous		b) it's smaller
	c) how high things are		c) it's thicker
	d) the names of everyday objects		d) it's oilier
5.	5) What do parents underestimate in babies?	10.	What must parents keep out of reach of children?
	a) how dangerous they are		a) height
	b) how thin their skin is		b) mugs
	c) how high they can reach		c) coffee cups
	d) how intelligent they are		d) hot things

### **ROLE PLAY**

From <a href="http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1402/140210-burns.html">http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1402/140210-burns.html</a>

#### Role A - The kitchen

You think the kitchen is the most dangerous place for babies. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them things that are safe about their things. Also, tell the others which is the least dangerous of these (and why): the car, the garden or the supermarket.

#### Role B - The car

You think the car is the most dangerous place for babies. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them things that are safe about their things. Also, tell the others which is the least dangerous of these (and why): the kitchen, the garden or the supermarket.

### Role C - The garden

You think the garden is the most dangerous place for babies. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them things that are safe about their things. Also, tell the others which is the least dangerous of these (and why): the car, the kitchen or the supermarket.

### **Role D – The supermarket**

You think the supermarket is the most dangerous place for babies. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them things that are safe about their things. Also, tell the others which is the least dangerous of these (and why): the car, the garden or the kitchen.

## AFTER READING / LISTENING

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1402/140210-burns.html

**1. WORD SEARCH:** Look in your dictionary / computer to find collocates, other meanings, information, synonyms ... for the words 'crawl' and 'walk'.

crawl	walk

- Share your findings with your partners.
- Make questions using the words you found.
- Ask your partner / group your questions.
- **2. ARTICLE QUESTIONS:** Look back at the article and write down some questions you would like to ask the class about the text.
  - Share your questions with other classmates / groups.
  - Ask your partner / group your questions.
- **3. GAP FILL:** In pairs / groups, compare your answers to this exercise. Check your answers. Talk about the words from the activity. Were they new, interesting, worth learning...?
- **4. VOCABULARY:** Circle any words you do not understand. In groups, pool unknown words and use dictionaries to find their meanings.
- **5. TEST EACH OTHER:** Look at the words below. With your partner, try to recall how they were used in the text:

• cups	• data
• lead	• 75
aware	<ul> <li>happening</li> </ul>
home	• 15
• rooms	<ul><li>thinner</li></ul>
<ul> <li>height</li> </ul>	• keep

### **BABIES SURVEY**

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1402/140210-burns.html

Write five GOOD questions about babies in the table. Do this in pairs. Each student must write the questions on his / her own paper.

When you have finished, interview other students. Write down their answers.

	STUDENT 1	STUDENT 2	STUDENT 3
Q.1.			
Q.2.			
Q.3.			
Q.4.			
Q.5.			

- Now return to your original partner and share and talk about what you found out. Change partners often.
- Make mini-presentations to other groups on your findings.

### **BABIES DISCUSSION**

STUDENT A's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student B)

- a) What did you think when you read the headline?
- b) What springs to mind when you hear the word 'burn'?
- c) What do you think about what you read?
- d) How often do you burn yourself?
- e) Did you have a lot of accidents when you were a toddler?
- f) What everyday objects are dangerous to children?
- g) What can parents do to be more careful?
- h) Is it possible to stop a toddler from touching things?
- i) Should parents change their furniture to make everything higher?
- j) Is indoors more dangerous for a baby than outdoors?

Hot drinks biggest cause of kids' burns – 10th February, 2014 More free lessons at www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com

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## **BABIES DISCUSSION**

STUDENT B's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student A)

- a) Did you like reading this article? Why/not?
- b) What should you do if a baby gets burnt?
- c) How much damage do you think a hot drink can do to a baby?
- d) How can designers change cups to keep them safer for babies?
- e) Should adults only drink cold drinks when children are young?
- f) What things in the home do babies find most interesting?
- g) Should parents keep babies in a special place with a gate?
- h) Is it stressful making sure a baby stays out of danger?
- i) What would happen if a parent stopped a baby exploring the home?
- j) What questions would you like to ask the researchers?

## **DISCUSSION** (Write your own questions)

STUDENT A's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student B)

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	JSSION					
SCI		N (Writ	te you	r own	ques	tions)
CU	JSSION	N (Writ	te you	r own	ques	tions)
CU	JSSION	N (Writ	te you	r own	ques	tions)
SCI	JSSION	N (Writ	te you	r own	ques	tions)
CU	JSSION	N (Writ	te you	r own	ques	tions)
SCI	JSSION	N (Writ	te you	r own	ques	tions)
SCI	JSSION	N (Writ	te you	r own	ques	tions)

## **LANGUAGE - CLOZE**

From <a href="http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1402/140210-burns.html">http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1402/140210-burns.html</a>

(1) _ Profe dang time babie cours every	ssor and the state of the state	and mugs are the research from Alison Mary Kenchildren of (3) addlers to burn the crawling and bies do not know they can reach each (6) of	Cardi mp, s hems walki w wha	ff University is aid parents not objects in the elves is from not one. They start at is dangerous to. Dr Kemp sate	n Waleede hom line r explosion	ales, U.K. The ded to be more e. She said the months of (4) coring the room what is (5)	e lead e (2) ne mo  s aro	d researcher, of the est dangerous This is when und them. Of so they touch
hospi treat one-y pulled warn been so it wher	tals, and the second and the second the seco	chers looked at as well as five of burns were unolds. Most of the up or mug contest any hot drinke. This is because sier to burn. The place hot object words from the contest words were under the contest words which were under the contest words which were under the contest words which were the contest words were the contest words which were the contest words were the contest words which were the contest words whit were the contest words which were the contest words which were	emergeder to der to der to der to de	gency departmented age of five, age of five, and a mot drink and burn a baby baby's skin is researchers advised keep them (2)	with use for the control on the cont	Almost 75 per most burn in the child reach op of themself 0) 15 m (11) that carents to have of reach o	juries  juries  ned (  f. The  inute  an an  re a i  f sma	nt of children (8) to (9) and e researchers after it has adult's skin, rethink about all children.
1.	(a)	from	(b)	to	(c)	at	(d)	by
2.	(a)	awareness	(b)	aware	(c)	award	(d)	awesome
3.	(a)	everywhere	(b)	everything	(c)	everyone	(d)	everyday
4.	(a)	old	(b)	age	(c)	birthday	(d)	born
5.	(a)	now	(b)	not	(c)	hot	(d)	bad
6.	(a)	hate	(b)	high	(c)	height	(d)	highs
7.	(a)	number	(b)	how many	(c)	data	(d)	how much
8.	(a)	happened	(b)	happens	(c)	happening	(d)	happen
9.	(a)	down	(b)	to	(c)	along	(d)	up
10.	(a)	even	(b)	ever	(c)	event	(d)	never
11.	(a)	thinner	(b)	softer	(c)	oilier	(d)	lighter
12.	(a)	in	(b)	up	(c)	out	(d)	from

### **SPELLING**

From <a href="http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1402/140210-burns.html">http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1402/140210-burns.html</a>

### Paragraph 1

- 1. This is <u>iacqnodrc</u> to research from Cardiff University
- 2. parents needed to be more aarew
- 3. the dangers to children of everyday oscebtj
- 4. the most dangerous time for <u>lsedtrdo</u>
- 5. when babies begin nwiclgra and walking
- 6. They start <u>egpoixrln</u> the rooms around them

#### Paragraph 2

- 7. five <u>eencrmegy</u> departments
- 8. children aertdet for burns
- 9. most burn <u>usinjeri</u>
- 10. a cup or mug tcgnonanii a hot drink
- 11. The researchers <u>dsvaedi</u> parents to have a rethink
- 12. keep them out of <u>earhc</u> of small children

## **PUT THE TEXT BACK TOGETHER**

From <a href="http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1402/140210-burns.html">http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1402/140210-burns.html</a>

#### Number these lines in the correct order.

(	)	of age. This is when babies begin crawling and walking. They start exploring the rooms around them. Of
(	)	reach up to. Dr Kemp said: "Parents may underestimate the potential reach height of their toddler."
(	1 )	Hot cups and mugs are the biggest causes of burns in children. This is according to research
(	)	course, babies do not know what is dangerous and what is not, so they touch everything they can
(	)	up and pulled a cup or mug containing a hot drink on top of themself. The researchers
(	)	parents to have a rethink about where they place hot objects and keep them out of reach of small children.
(	)	The researchers looked at data from three leading burns departments in U.K. hospitals, as well as five emergency
(	)	home. She said the most dangerous time for toddlers to burn themselves is from nine months
(	)	parents needed to be more aware of the dangers to children of everyday objects in the
(	)	warned that any hot drink could burn a baby, even 15 minutes after it has been made. This is because a baby's
(	)	from Cardiff University in Wales, U.K. The lead researcher, Professor Alison Mary Kemp, said
(	)	skin is much thinner than an adult's skin, so it is easier to burn. The researchers advised
(	)	injuries happening to one-year-olds. Most of the burns were because the child reached
(	)	departments. Almost 75 per cent of children treated for burns were under the age of five, with most burn

## PUT THE WORDS IN THE RIGHT ORDER

From <a href="http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1402/140210-burns.html">http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1402/140210-burns.html</a>

1.	biggest	cause	s of	burns	Hot	cups	and	mug	gs are	the.
2.	dangers	to ch	ildren	of eve	ryday	objects	in	the	home	The.
3.	babies	do no	ot kno	w wha	at is	dange	rous	Of	course	, .
4.	touch	up e	verythir	ng to	they	' can	Th	ey	reach.	
5.	reach	Parents	und	erestima	ate p	otential	m	ay	the.	
6.	from	leading	depa	rtments	Data	a thre	ee	burns	S.	
7.	age of	five	Childre	en trea	ted f	or bur	ns	were	under	the.
8.	baby a	burn	could	drink l	not Ar	ny min	utes	15	even ,	
9.	to The	e hav	e res	earcher	s a	advise	ed	rethir	ık par	ents.
10.	out ch	nildren	of I	reach	Keep	of	them	sm	nall.	

## **CIRCLE THE CORRECT WORD (20 PAIRS)**

From <a href="http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1402/140210-burns.html">http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1402/140210-burns.html</a>

Hot cups and *mags / mugs* are the biggest cause of burns in children. This is according *to / from* research from Cardiff University in Wales, U.K. The lead researcher, Professor Alison Mary Kemp, said parents needed to be more *awareness / aware* of the dangers to children of *everything / everyday* objects in the home. She said the most dangerous *timings / time* for toddlers to burn themselves is from nine months of *old / age*. This is when babies begin *crawling / cawing* and *walking / waking*. They start exploring the rooms around them. Of course, babies do not know what is dangerous and what is *hot / not*, so they touch everything they can reach up to. Dr Kemp said: "Parents may underestimate the potential reach *height / high* of their toddler."

The researchers looked at *dates* / *data* from three leading burns departments in U.K. hospitals, as *well* / *good* as five emergency departments. Almost 75 per cent of children *treatment* / *treated* for burns were under the age of five, with most burn *injuries* / *injury* happening to one-year-olds. Most of the burns were because the child *reach* / *reached* up and pulled a cup or mug *containing* / *contains* a hot drink on top of themself. The researchers warned that any hot drink could burn a baby, *ever* / *even* 15 minutes after it has been *making* / *made*. This is because a baby's skin is much *thinning* / *thinner* than an adult's skin, so it is easier to burn. The researchers advised parents to have a rethink about where they place hot *objects* / *subjects* and keep them out of reach of small children.

Talk about the connection between each pair of words in italics, and why the correct word is correct.

## **INSERT THE VOWELS (a, e, i, o, u)**

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1402/140210-burns.html

H\_t c\_ps \_nd m\_gs \_r\_ th\_ b\_gg\_st c\_\_s\_ \_f b\_rns \_n ch\_ldr\_n. Th\_s \_s \_cc\_rd\_ng t\_ r\_s\_\_rch fr\_m C\_rd\_ff \_n\_v\_rs\_ty \_n W\_l\_s, \_.K. Th\_ l\_\_d r\_s\_\_rch\_r, Pr\_f\_ss\_r \_l\_s\_n M\_ry K\_mp, s\_\_d p\_r\_nts n\_\_d\_d t\_ b\_ m\_r\_ \_w\_r\_ \_f th\_ d\_ng\_rs t\_ ch\_ldr\_n \_f \_v\_ryd\_y \_bj\_cts \_n th\_ h\_m\_. Sh\_ s\_\_d th\_ m\_st d\_ng\_r\_\_s t\_m\_ f\_r t\_ddl\_rs t\_ b\_rn th\_ms\_lv\_s \_s fr\_m n\_n\_ m\_nths \_f \_g\_. Th\_s \_s wh\_n b\_b\_ s b\_g\_n cr\_wl\_ng \_nd w\_lk\_ng. Th\_y st\_rt \_xpl\_r\_ng th\_ r\_\_ms \_r\_\_nd th\_m. \_f c\_\_rs\_, b\_b\_s d\_ n\_t kn\_w wh\_t \_s d\_ng\_r\_s \_nd wh\_t \_s n\_t, s\_ th\_y t\_\_ch \_v\_ryth\_ng th\_y c\_n r\_\_ch \_p t\_. Dr K\_mp s\_\_d: "P\_r\_nts m\_y \_nd\_r\_st\_m\_t \_th\_ p\_t\_nt\_\_l r\_\_ch h\_\_ght \_f th\_\_r t\_ddl\_r."

Th\_ r\_s\_\_rch\_rs l\_k\_d \_t d\_t fr\_m thr\_\_ l\_d\_ng b\_rns d\_p\_rtm\_nts \_n \_.K. h\_sp\_t\_ls, \_s w\_ll \_s f\_v\_mrg\_ncy d\_p\_rtm\_nts. \_lm\_st 75 p\_r c\_nt \_f ch\_ldr\_n tr\_t\_d f\_r b\_rns w\_r\_ \_nd\_r th\_ \_g\_ \_f f\_v\_, w\_th m\_st b\_rn \_nj\_r\_s h\_pp\_n\_ng t\_ \_n\_-y\_\_r-\_lds. M\_st\_f th\_ b\_rns w\_r\_ b\_c\_\_s\_ th\_ ch\_ld r\_\_ch\_d \_p \_nd p\_ll\_d \_ c\_p \_r m\_g c\_nt\_\_n\_ng \_ h\_t dr\_nk \_n t\_p \_f th\_ms\_lf. Th\_ r\_s\_\_rch\_rs w\_rn\_d th\_t \_ny h\_t dr\_nk c\_\_ld b\_rn \_ b\_by, \_v\_n 15 m\_n\_t\_s \_ft\_r \_t h\_s b\_\_n m\_d\_. Th\_s \_s b\_c\_\_s\_ \_ b\_by's sk\_n \_s m\_ch th\_nn\_r th\_n \_n \_d\_lt's sk\_n, s\_\_t \_s \_s\_r t\_ b\_rn. Th\_r\_s\_\_rch\_rs \_dv\_s\_d p\_r\_nts t\_ h\_v\_ \_r\_th\_nk \_b\_\_t wh\_r\_ th\_y pl\_c\_ h\_t \_bj\_cts \_nd k\_p th\_m \_t \_f r\_ ch\_f sm\_ll\_ch\_ldr\_n.

### PUNCTUATE THE TEXT AND ADD CAPITALS

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1402/140210-burns.html

hot cups and mugs are the biggest cause of burns in children this is according to research from cardiff university in wales uk the lead researcher professor alison mary kemp said parents needed to be more aware of the dangers to children of everyday objects in the home she said the most dangerous time for toddlers to burn themselves is from nine months of age this is when babies begin crawling and walking they start exploring the rooms around them of course babies do not know what is dangerous and what is not so they touch everything they can reach up to dr kemp said "parents may underestimate the potential reach height of their toddler"

the researchers looked at data from three leading burns departments in uk hospitals as well as five emergency departments almost 75 per cent of children treated for burns were under the age of five with most burn injuries happening to one-year-olds most of the burns were because the child reached up and pulled a cup or mug containing a hot drink on top of themself the researchers warned that any hot drink could burn a baby even 15 minutes after it has been made this is because a baby's skin is much thinner than an adult's skin so it is easier to burn the researchers advised parents to have a rethink about where they place hot objects and keep them out of reach of small children

## PUT A SLASH ( / ) WHERE THE SPACES ARE

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1402/140210-burns.html

Hotcupsandmugsarethebiggestcausesofburnsinchildren. Thisisa ccordingtoresearchfromCardiffUniversityinWales,U.K.Theleadre searcher, Professor Alison Mary Kemp, said parents needed to be mor eawareofthedangerstochildrenofeverydayobjectsinthehome.Sh esaidthemostdangeroustimefortoddlerstoburnthemselvesisfrom ninemonthsofage. This is when babies begin crawling and walking. T heystartexploringtheroomsaroundthem. Of course, babies do not k nowwhatisdangerousandwhatisnot, so they touch everything they c anreachupto.DrKempsaid:"Parentsmayunderestimatethepotent ialreachheightoftheirtoddler. "Theresearcherslookedatdatafromt hreeleadingburnsdepartmentsinU.K.hospitals,aswellasfiveemer gencydepartments. Almost 75 percent of children treated for burnsw ereundertheageoffive, with most burninjuries happening to one-ye ar-olds. Mostoftheburnswere because the childreached up and pulle dacupormugcontainingahotdrinkontopofthemself. Theresearche rswarnedthatanyhotdrinkcouldburnababy,even15minutesafterit hasbeenmade. This is because a baby's skin is much thinner than an a dult'sskin, soitiseasier to burn. The researchers advised parent stoh avearethinkaboutwheretheyplacehotobjectsandkeepthemoutofr eachofsmallchildren.

## **FREE WRITING**

 $From \ \ \, \underline{http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1402/140210-burns.html}$ 

rite about <b>babies</b> for 10 minutes. Comment on your partner's paper.						

## **ACADEMIC WRITING**

From <a href="http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1402/140210-burns.html">http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1402/140210-burns.html</a>

side the home is more dangerous for a baby than outside. Discuss.						

### **HOMEWORK**

- **1. VOCABULARY EXTENSION:** Choose several of the words from the text. Use a dictionary or Google's search field (or another search engine) to build up more associations / collocations of each word.
- **2. INTERNET:** Search the Internet and find out more about babies. Share what you discover with your partner(s) in the next lesson.
- **3. BABIES:** Make a poster about babies. Show your work to your classmates in the next lesson. Did you all have similar things?
- **4. DANGERS:** Write a magazine article about the dangers a baby faces. Include imaginary interviews with babies and experts on babies.

Read what you wrote to your classmates in the next lesson. Write down any new words and expressions you hear from your partner(s).

- **5. WHAT HAPPENED NEXT?** Write a newspaper article about the next stage in this news story. Read what you wrote to your classmates in the next lesson. Give each other feedback on your articles.
- **6. LETTER:** Write a letter to a baby. Ask him/her three questions about being a baby and how dangerous it is. Give him/her three pieces of advice on how to stay safe. Read your letter to your partner(s) in your next lesson. Your partner(s) will answer your questions.

### **ANSWERS**

### TRUE / FALSE (p.4)

a F b T c F d T e F f T g T h F

### **SYNONYM MATCH (p.4)**

- 1. causes
- 2 aware of
- 3. everyday
- 4. exploring
- 5. potential
- 6. data
- 7. leading
- 8. warned
- 9. place
- 10. reach

- a. reasons
- b. alert to
- c. common
- d. investigating
- e. possible
- f. statistics
- q. top
- h. cautioned
- i. put
- j. range

### **COMPREHENSION QUESTIONS (p.8)**

- 1. Wales
- 2. Parents
- 3. The age of nine months
- 4. What is and isn't dangerous
- 5. How high they can reach
- 6. Five
- 7. Almost 75%
- 8. 15 minutes
- 9. It's thinner
- 10. Hot objects

### **MULTIPLE CHOICE - QUIZ (p.9)**

1. c 2. a 3. d 4. b 5. c 6. d 7. b 8. d 9. a 10. d

#### **ALL OTHER EXERCISES**

Please check for yourself by looking at the Article on page 2. (It's good for your English ;-)