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Level 3

TV sales fell for the first time ever in U.K.

11th December, 2014

http://www.breakingnewsenglish.com/1412/141211-television.html

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Please try Levels 0, 1 and 2 (they are easier).

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THE ARTICLE

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1412/141211-television.html

A new report from Britain shows that things are not looking good for companies who sell televisions. The number of U.K. homes with a TV fell last year for the first time ever. The report is from an organization called Ofcom, which studies business, habits and trends in Britain. It said that after decades of television sales increasing, things are now moving in the opposite direction. Ofcom found that the number of homes with a TV fell from 26.33 million at the end of 2012 to 26.02 million at the end of the following year. This is a drop of 300,000. The first survey on TV ownership in Britain was in 1956. Then, just over 30 per cent of homes had a TV. This figure rose to around 93 per cent by the 1970s.

Ofcom said the fall in TV ownership in Britain was probably because of people using tablets, mobile phones and other devices to watch TV. Many people nowadays are choosing to watch 'catch-up' TV, whereby they record their favourite programmes and watch them later on their digital devices. Ofcom said catch-up TV is becoming increasingly popular and is being watched on smartphones, tablets, computers and games consoles. Figures from the BBC showed that 47 per cent of requests for its iPlayer service came from tablets or mobiles, up from just 25 per cent in October 2012. In the 18-24 age group, 15 per cent watch most of their television on a laptop, compared to the national average of 3 per cent.

Sources: http://www.theguardian.com/media/2014/dec/08/number-uk-homes-tv-falls-first-time-ofcom

http://www.bbc.co.uk/news/entertainment-arts-30392654

http://www. digitalspy. co.uk/tech/news/a615396/number-of-uk-households-with-a-tv-falls-for-the-distance and the state of the stat

first-time.html

WARM-UPS

- **1. TELEVISION:** Students walk around the class and talk to other students about television. Change partners often and share your findings.
- **2. CHAT:** In pairs / groups, talk about these topics or words from the article. What will the article say about them? What can you say about these words and your life?

report / homes / business / habits / trends / decades / drop / TV ownership / figure / tablets / mobile phones / nowadays / favourite programmes / popular / laptop

Have a chat about the topics you liked. Change topics and partners frequently.

3. DIGITAL DEVICES: How important are they to you and how can companies make them better? Complete this table with your partner(s). Change partners often and share what you wrote.

	Importance?	Improvements?
Laptops		
Smart phones		
Tablets		
Games consoles		
Televisions		
Other		

- **4. TV:** Students A **strongly** believe TV is the greatest invention ever; Students B **strongly** believe it isn't. Change partners again and talk about your conversations.
- **5. SHOWS:** Rank these with your partner. Put the best shows at the top. Change partners often and share your rankings.

comedy

sport

documentary

business

cooking

• drama

weather

• movies

6. TABLETS: Spend one minute writing down all of the different words you associate with the word "tablets". Share your words with your partner(s) and talk about them. Together, put the words into different categories.

BEFORE READING / LISTENING

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1412/141211-television.html

1. TRUE / FALSE: Read the headline. Guess if a-h below are true (T) or false (F).

a.	The number of U.K. homes fell last year for the first time ever.	T / F
b.	The report on TV sales is from a group of TV makers.	T / F

c. There were more than 26 million homes with a TV in the UK in 2012. T/F

T/F d. In 1956, around a third of UK homes had a television.

e. An organization blamed digital devices for the fall in TV sales. T/F

T/F

Many people in the UK watch 'catch-up TV' on their digital devices.

g. Fewer people are using tablets to watch BBC's iPlayer. T/F

T/F h. Around 15% of British people watch TV on their laptop computer.

2. SYNONYM MATCH: Match the following synonyms from the article.

1. due to report a.

2 fell number b.

3. shows increasing c.

4. d. moving rising

5. figure e. decreased

6. because of f. category

7. programmes countrywide g.

8. increasingly h. study

9. group i. more and more

10. national heading j.

3. PHRASE MATCH: (Sometimes more than one choice is possible.)

things are not looking nowadays 1. a. b.

2 things are now moving in by the 1970s

3. This is a drop c. just 25 per cent in October

4. The first survey on TV d. group

5. This figure rose to around 93 per cent of 300,000 e.

6. people good for companies f.

7. catch-up TV is becoming average of 3 per cent g.

8. up from ownership h. 9.

the 18-24 age i. increasingly popular 10. compared to the national i. the opposite direction

GAP FILL

A new report from Britain shows that (1) are not	end
looking good for companies who sell televisions. The number of	trends
U.K. homes with a TV fell last year for the first time	figure
(2) The report is from an organization called	things
Ofcom, which studies business, habits and (3) in	umigs
Britain. It said that after decades of television sales increasing,	survey
things are now moving in the (4) direction. Ofcom	opposite
found that the number of homes with a TV fell from 26.33 million	ever
at the (5) of 2012 to 26.02 million at the end of	dron
the following year. This is a (6) of 300,000. The	drop
first (7) on TV ownership in Britain was in 1956.	
Then, just over 30 per cent of homes had a TV. This	
(8) rose to around 93 per cent by the 1970s.	
Ofcom said the fall in TV (9) in Britain was	requests
probably because of people using tablets, mobile phones and other	average
(10) to watch TV. Many people	devices
(11) are choosing to watch 'catch-up' TV, whereby	lata
they record their favourite programmes and watch them	later
(12) on their digital devices. Ofcom said catch-up	ownership
TV is becoming (13) popular and is being watched	group
on smartphones, tablets, computers and games consoles. Figures	nowadays
from the BBC showed that 47 per cent of (14) for	increasingly
its iPlayer service came from tablets or mobiles, up from just 25	increasingry
per cent in October 2012. In the 18-24 age (15),	
15 per cent watch most of their television on a laptop, compared	
to the national (16) of 3 per cent.	

LISTENING – Guess the answers. Listen to check.

1)	A new report from Britain shows that things are not looking a. good from companies b. good for companies c. good of companies d. good four companies
2)	an organization called Ofcom, which studies business,a. habits and trendsb. habits and friendsc. habits and blendsd. habits and tends
3)	after decades of television sales increasing, things are now moving direction a. on the opposite b. to the opposite c. at the opposite d. in the opposite
4)	The first survey on TV ownership in Britain a. was in 1958 b. was in 1966 c. was in 1956 d. was in 1965
5)	This figure rose to around 93 per cent a. by the 1917s b. in the 1970s c. in the 1917s d. by the 1970s
6)	because of people using tablets, mobile phones and other devices a. to watches TV b. to watch TV c. to watching TV d. to watched TV
7)	they record their favourite programmes and watch them later devices a. in their digital b. on their digital c. an their digital d. of their digital
8)	being watched on smartphones, tablets, computers a. and games console b. and games consolers c. and games con souls d. and games consoles
9)	In the 18-24 age group, 15 per cent watch most of their television a. in a laptop b. on a laptop c. on the laptop d. in the laptop
10)	compared to the national per cent a. average of 3 b. average for 3 c. average at 3 d. average by 3

LISTENING — Listen and fill in the gaps

A new report from Britain shows (1) not looking
good for companies who sell televisions. The number of U.K. homes with a
TV fell last year for (2) The report is from an
organization called Ofcom, which studies business,
(3) in Britain. It said that after decades of television
sales increasing, things are now moving in (4)
Ofcom found that the number of homes with a TV fell from 26.33 million at
the end of 2012 to 26.02 million at the end of the following year. This
(5) The first survey on TV ownership in Britain was
in 1956. Then, just over 30 per cent of homes had a TV. This figure
(6) 93 per cent by the 1970s.
Ofcom said (7) ownership in Britain was probably
Ofcom said (7) ownership in Britain was probably because of people using tablets, mobile phones and other devices to watch
because of people using tablets, mobile phones and other devices to watch
because of people using tablets, mobile phones and other devices to watch TV. Many people (8) choosing to watch 'catch-up'
because of people using tablets, mobile phones and other devices to watch TV. Many people (8) choosing to watch 'catch-up' TV, whereby they record their favourite programmes and watch them later
because of people using tablets, mobile phones and other devices to watch TV. Many people (8) choosing to watch 'catch-up' TV, whereby they record their favourite programmes and watch them later on (9) Ofcom said catch-up TV is becoming
because of people using tablets, mobile phones and other devices to watch TV. Many people (8) choosing to watch 'catch-up' TV, whereby they record their favourite programmes and watch them later on (9) Ofcom said catch-up TV is becoming increasingly popular (10) watched on smartphones,
because of people using tablets, mobile phones and other devices to watch TV. Many people (8) choosing to watch 'catch-up' TV, whereby they record their favourite programmes and watch them later on (9) Ofcom said catch-up TV is becoming increasingly popular (10) watched on smartphones, tablets, computers and games consoles. Figures from the BBC showed that
because of people using tablets, mobile phones and other devices to watch TV. Many people (8) choosing to watch 'catch-up' TV, whereby they record their favourite programmes and watch them later on (9) Ofcom said catch-up TV is becoming increasingly popular (10) watched on smartphones, tablets, computers and games consoles. Figures from the BBC showed that 47 per cent of requests for its iPlayer (11) tablets or

COMPREHENSION QUESTIONS

 $From \ \ \, \underline{http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1412/141211-television.html}$

1.	For whom does a report say things are not looking good?
2.	What does Ofcom study?
3.	Where are TV sales now heading, according to Ofcom?
4.	By how much did the number of homes with TVs fall in 2013?
5.	When was the first survey on TV ownership in Britain?
6.	What did Ofcom say was the reason for the fall in TV ownership?
7.	What kind of TV are people choosing to watch?
8.	How many requests for the BBC iPlayer come from tablets and phones?
9.	Who watches 15% of their TV on laptops?
10.	What is the national average for people to watch TV on a laptop?

MULTIPLE CHOICE - QUIZ

- 1. For whom does a report say things are not looking good?
 - a) TV makers
 - b) actors
 - c) people with homes
 - d) Internet companies
- 2. What does Ofcom study?
 - a) businesses, rabbits and friends
 - b) society, relations and hobbies
 - c) business, habits and trends
 - d) societies, relationships and interests
- 3. Where are TV sales now heading, according to Ofcom?
 - a) west
 - b) downwards
 - c) into the black
 - d) home
- 4. By how much did the number of homes 9. with TVs fall in 2013?
 - a) 333,000
 - b) 300,333
 - c) 300,003
 - d) 300,000
- 5. When was the first survey on TV ownership in Britain?
 - a) 1956
 - b) 1958
 - c) 1985
 - d) 1965

- 6. What did Ofcom say was the reason for the fall in TV ownership?
 - a) people
 - b) money
 - c) the Internet
 - d) digital devices
- 7. What kind of TV are people choosing to watch?
 - a) dramas
 - b) catch-up TV
 - c) reality TV
 - d) square ones
- 8. How many requests for the BBC iPlayer come from tablets and phones?
 - a) 44%
 - b) 45%
 - c) 46%
 - d) 47%
- 9. Who watches 15% of their TV on laptops?
 - a) 16-24-year-olds
 - b) 18-74-year-olds
 - c) 18-24-year-olds
 - d) 16-74-year-olds
- 10. What is the national average for people to watch TV on a laptop?
 - a) 2.5%
 - b) 3%
 - c) 3.25%
 - d) 4%

ROLE PLAY

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1412/141211-television.html

Role A - Comedies

You think comedies are the best shows on TV. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them why their things aren't so good. Also, tell the others which is the most boring of these (and why): documentaries, movies or cooking shows.

Role B - Documentaries

You think documentaries are the best shows on TV. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them why their things aren't so good. Also, tell the others which is the most boring of these (and why): comedies, movies or cooking shows.

Role C - Movies

You think movies are the best shows on TV. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them why their things aren't so good. Also, tell the others which is the most boring of these (and why): documentaries, comedies or cooking shows.

Role D - Cooking shows

You think cooking shows are the best shows on TV. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them why their things aren't so good. Also, tell the others which is the most boring of these (and why): documentaries, movies or comedies.

AFTER READING / LISTENING

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1412/141211-television.html

1. WORD SEARCH: Look in your dictionary / computer to find collocates, other meanings, information, synonyms ... for the words 'digital' and 'device'.

digital	device

- Share your findings with your partners.
- Make questions using the words you found.
- Ask your partner / group your questions.
- **2. ARTICLE QUESTIONS:** Look back at the article and write down some questions you would like to ask the class about the text.
 - Share your questions with other classmates / groups.
 - Ask your partner / group your questions.
- **3. GAP FILL:** In pairs / groups, compare your answers to this exercise. Check your answers. Talk about the words from the activity. Were they new, interesting, worth learning...?
- **4. VOCABULARY:** Circle any words you do not understand. In groups, pool unknown words and use dictionaries to find their meanings.
- **5. TEST EACH OTHER:** Look at the words below. With your partner, try to recall how they were used in the text:

• new	• because
• ever	 nowadays
 habits 	• later
• fell	• games
• 1956	• service
• 93	• 3

TELEVISION SURVEY

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1412/141211-television.html

Write five GOOD questions about television in the table. Do this in pairs. Each student must write the questions on his / her own paper.

When you have finished, interview other students. Write down their answers.

	STUDENT 1	STUDENT 2	STUDENT 3
Q.1.			
Q.2.			
Q.3.			
Q.4.			
Q.5.			

- Now return to your original partner and share and talk about what you found out. Change partners often.
- Make mini-presentations to other groups on your findings.

TELEVISION DISCUSSION

STUDENT A's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student B)

- 1) What did you think when you read the headline?
- 2) What springs to mind when you hear the word 'television'?
- 3) How important is television to you?
- 4) What are your favourite programmes (and why)?
- 5) What kind of TV would you like?
- 6) What's the maximum number of hours you should watch TV?
- 7) What are the bad things about television?
- 8) What's the best TV show ever?
- 9) How surprised are you that TV sales are falling in the UK?
- 10) What would you do without TV?

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TELEVISION DISCUSSION

STUDENT B's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student A)

- 11) Did you like reading this article? Why/not?
- 12) Would society be better without TV?
- 13) What features do you really need on a television?
- 14) Is it better to watch shows on a TV or on a tablet?
- 15) What are the good things about television?
- 16) What do you think of TV shows from the USA?
- 17) What size TV would you like (and why)?
- 18) What useful things could you do if you didn't watch TV?
- 19) Does TV kill conversation?
- 20) What questions would you like to ask the researchers?

DISCUSSION (Write your own questions)

STUDENT A's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student B)

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	USSION (Write your own question	
SC		
C	USSION (Write your own question	
C	USSION (Write your own question	
SC	USSION (Write your own question	
C	USSION (Write your own question	
SC	USSION (Write your own question	
SC	USSION (Write your own question	

LANGUAGE - CLOZE

com	panie	report from sell tele	visions.	The (2)	of U	.K. homes wit	h a T\	V fell last year
		st time ever.	-		_			
		usiness, habits						
		sales increasing the number		_	_			
2012	2 to 2	6.02 million a	t the e	nd of the (5)	year. This is	a dro	p of 300,000
The	first s	survey (6)	TV o	wnership in	Britain	was in 1956.	Then	, just over 30
per (cent o	of homes had a	TV. Th	is figure rose	e to arc	ound 93 per ce	ent by	the 1970s.
Ofco	ım sai	d the fall in TV	/ owner	shin in Brita	in was	(7) beca	iuse o	f neonle usino
		nobile phones		-				-
		to watch 'catc					-	
and	watch	n them later o	n their	digital device	es. Ofc	om said catch	-up T	V is becoming
(9)		popular and i	s being	y watched o	n smar	tphones, tabl	ets, c	omputers and
_		nsoles. Figures				•		•
		rvice came fro						
		012. In the 18			=			
(11)		a laptop, com	iparea ((12) tn	e natioi	nai average oi	3 pei	r cent.
Put	the c	orrect words	from	the table be	low in	the above a	rticle	
1.	(a)	new	(b)	newish	(c)	newly	(d)	newest
2.	(a)	numeral	(b)	numbers	(c)	number	(d)	numbering
3.	(a)	it	(b)	that	(c)	which	(d)	they
4.	(a)	on	(b)	by	(c)	for	(d)	of
5.	(a)	following	(b)	follows	(c)	followed	(d)	followers
6.	(a)	to	(b)	on	(c)	in	(d)	at
7.	(a)	risky	(b)	chance	(c)	likelihood	(d)	probably
8.	(a)	todays	(b)	nowadays	(c)	days	(d)	daze
9.	(a)	increase	(b)	increases	(c)	increasingly	(d)	increased
10.	(a)	above	(b)	higher	(c)	increase	(d)	up
11.	(a)	of	(b)	by	(c)	in	(d)	on
12.	(a)	on	(b)	to	(c)	by	(d)	as

SPELLING

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1412/141211-television.html

Paragraph 1

- 1. business, habits and tsrnde in Britain
- 2. after sdcaeed of television sales
- 3. moving in the <u>episotpo</u> direction
- 4. The first evruys
- 5. TV wnrphioes
- 6. This uifgre rose to around 93 per cent

Paragraph 2

- 7. <u>yblobapr</u> because of people using tablets
- 8. mobile phones and other <u>svdceei</u>
- 9. record their <u>toraievuf</u> programmes
- 10. becoming increasingly laouppr
- 11. 47 per cent of ssreteuq
- 12. the national <u>eaevagr</u> of 3 per cent

PUT THE TEXT BACK TOGETHER

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1412/141211-television.html

Number these lines in the correct order.

()	direction. Ofcom found that the number of homes with a TV fell from 26.33 million at the end of 2012 to 26.02 million
()	using tablets, mobile phones and other devices to watch TV. Many people nowadays are choosing to
()	tablets, computers and games consoles. Figures from the BBC showed that 47 per cent of requests for
()	decades of television sales increasing, things are now moving in the opposite
()	called Ofcom, which studies business, habits and trends in Britain. It said that after
()	at the end of the following year. This is a drop of 300,000. The first survey on TV ownership in Britain was in
()	age group, 15 per cent watch most of their television on a laptop, compared to the national average of 3 per cent.
()	its iPlayer service came from tablets or mobiles, up from just 25 per cent in October 2012. In the 18-24
(1)	A new report from Britain shows that things are not looking good for companies who sell televisions. The number
()	watch 'catch-up' TV, whereby they record their favourite programmes and watch them later on their digital
()	Ofcom said the fall in TV ownership in Britain was probably because of people
()	of U.K. homes with a TV fell last year for the first time ever. The report is from an organization
()	devices. Ofcom said catch-up TV is becoming increasingly popular and is being watched on smartphones,
()	1956. Then, just over 30 per cent of homes had a TV. This figure rose to around 93 per cent by the 1970s.

PUT THE WORDS IN THE RIGHT ORDER

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1412/141211-television.html

1.	not are Things companies for good looking.
2.	of number The year last fell TV a with homes UK.
3.	Things the are opposite now direction moving in.
4.	a The with million from fell homes of 26.33 TV number.
5.	first The 1956 in was Britain in ownership TV on survey.
6.	choosing 'catch-up' TV are watch nowadays to People.
7.	favourite later programmes and Record watch their them.
8.	popular Ofcom said catch-up TV is becoming increasingly.
9.	service Requests came for from its tablets iPlayer.
10.	the of cent to average per Compared national 3.

CIRCLE THE CORRECT WORD (20 PAIRS)

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1412/141211-television.html

A new report from Britain *showing / shows* that things are not looking good for companies who sell televisions. The number *for / of* U.K. homes with a TV fell last year for the first time *even / ever*. The report is from an organization *called / calling* Ofcom, which studies business, habits and *trends / trendy* in Britain. It said that after *decades / decade* of television sales increasing, things are now moving in the *opposition / opposite* direction. Ofcom found that the number of homes with *a / the* TV fell from 26.33 million at the end of 2012 to 26.02 million at the end of the following year. This is a drop *for / of* 300,000. The first survey on TV ownership in Britain was in 1956. Then, just over 30 per cent of homes had a TV. This figure *rose / rise* to around 93 per cent by the 1970s.

Ofcom said the *fall / fail* in TV ownership in Britain was probably because *for / of* people using tablets, mobile phones and *other / another* devices to watch TV. Many people nowadays are *chosen / choosing* to watch 'catch-up' TV, whereby they record *their / them* favourite programmes and watch them later on their *digital / digitally* devices. Ofcom said catch-up TV is becoming increasingly popular and is *being / been* watched on smartphones, tablets, computers and games consoles. Figures from the BBC *showed / shows* that 47 per cent of requests for its iPlayer service came from tablets or mobiles, up from *adjust / just* 25 per cent in October 2012. In the 18-24 age group, 15 per cent watch most of their television *on / in* a laptop, compared to the national average of 3 per cent.

Talk about the connection between each pair of words in italics, and why the correct word is correct.

INSERT THE VOWELS (a, e, i, o, u)

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1412/141211-television.html

_ n_w r_p_rt fr_m Br_t__n sh_ws th_t th_ngs _r_ n_t I__k_ng g__d f_r c_mp_n_s wh_ s_II t_I_v_s__ns. Th n_mb_r_f_.K. h_m_s w_th _ TV f_II I_st y__r f_r th_ f_rst t_m_ _v_r. Th_ r_p_rt _s fr_m _n _rg_n_z_t__n c_ll_d _fc_m, wh_ch st_d_s b_s_n_ss, h_b_ts _nd tr_nds _n Br_t__n. _t s__d th_t _ft_r d_c_d_s _f t_l_v_s_n s_l_s _ncr__s_ng, th_ngs _r_ n_w m_v_ng _n th_ _pp_s_t_ d_r_ct__n. _fc_m f__nd th t th $n_mb_r_f h_m_s w_th_TV f_II fr_m 26.33 m_II_n_t$ th_ _nd _f 2012 t_ 26.02 m_ll__n _t th_ _nd _f th_ $f_{II}w_{ng}y_{r}$. Th_s _s _ dr_p _f 300,000. Th f rst s_rv_y _n TV _wn_rsh_p _n Br_t__n w_s _n 1956. Th_n, j_st _v_r 30 p_r c_nt _f h_m_s h_d _ TV. Th_s f_g_r_ $r_s_t = r_n d 93 p_r c_nt by th 1970s$. fc m s d th f ll n TV _wn_rsh_p _n Br_t__n w_s pr_b_bly b_c_s_ f p_pl_ s_ng t_bl_ts, m_b_l_ phns nd thrdvcst w tch TV. M ny p pl n_w_d_ys _r_ ch__s_ng t_ w_tch 'c_tch-_p' TV, wh_r_by th_y r_c_rd th__r f_v__r_t_ pr_gr_mm_s _nd w_tch th_m l_t_r _n th__r d_g_t_l d_v_c_s. _fc_m s__d c_tch-_p TV _s b_c_m_ng _ncr__s_ngly p_p_l_r _nd _s b__ng w_tch_d _n sm_rtph_n_s, t_bl_ts, c_mp_t_rs _nd g_m_s c_ns_l_s. F_g_r_s fr_m th_ BBC sh_w_d th_t 47 p_r c_nt _f r_q__sts f_r _ts _Pl_y_r s_rv_c_ c_m_ fr_m t_bl_ts _r m_b_l_s, _p fr_m j_st 25 p_r c_nt _n _ct_b_r 2012. _n th_ 18-24 _g_ gr__p, 15 p_r c_nt w_tch m_st _f th__r t_l_v_s__n _n _ l_pt_p, c_mp_r_d t_ th_ $n_t_n_l v_r_g_f 3 p_r c_nt.$

PUNCTUATE THE TEXT AND ADD CAPITALS

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1412/141211-television.html

a new report from britain shows that things are not looking good for companies who sell televisions the number of uk homes with a tv fell last year for the first time ever the report is from an organization called ofcom which studies business habits and trends in britain it said that after decades of television sales increasing things are now moving in the opposite direction ofcom found that the number of homes with a tv fell from 2633 million at the end of 2012 to 2602 million at the end of the following year this is a drop of 300000 the first survey on tv ownership in britain was in 1956 then just over 30 per cent of homes had a tv this figure rose to around 93 per cent by the 1970s

ofcom said the fall in tv ownership in britain was probably because of people using tablets mobile phones and other devices to watch tv many people nowadays are choosing to watch 'catch-up' tv whereby they record their favourite programmes and watch them later on their digital devices ofcom said catch-up tv is becoming increasingly popular and is being watched on smartphones tablets computers and games consoles figures from the bbc showed that 47 per cent of requests for its iplayer service came from tablets or mobiles up from just 25 per cent in october 2012 in the 18-24 age group 15 per cent watch most of their television on a laptop compared to the national average of 3 per cent

PUT A SLASH (/) WHERE THE SPACES ARE

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1412/141211-television.html

AnewreportfromBritainshowsthatthingsarenotlookinggoodforcomp anieswhoselltelevisions. The number of U.K. homeswith a TV fell last year rforthefirsttimeever.ThereportisfromanorganizationcalledOfcom,w hichstudiesbusiness, habitsandtrends in Britain. It said that after decad esoftelevisionsalesincreasing, things are now moving in the opposite dir ection.OfcomfoundthatthenumberofhomeswithaTVfellfrom26.33mi llionattheendof2012to26.02millionattheendofthefollowingyear. This isadropof300,000.ThefirstsurveyonTVownershipinBritainwasin195 6.Then, justover 30 percent of homeshada TV. This figure rose to around 93percentbythe1970s.OfcomsaidthefallinTVownershipinBritainwas probablybecauseofpeopleusingtablets, mobile phones and other devic estowatchTV.Manypeoplenowadaysarechoosingtowatch'catch-up'T V, wherebythey record their favourite programmes and watch them late rontheirdigitaldevices. Of comsaid catch-up TV is be coming increas inglypopularandisbeingwatchedonsmartphones, tablets, computers andgamesconsoles. Figures from the BBCs howed that 47 percent of requires and games consoles. uestsforitsiPlayerservicecamefromtabletsormobiles,upfromjust25p ercentinOctober2012.Inthe18-24agegroup,15percentwatchmosto ftheirtelevisiononalaptop,comparedtothenationalaverageof3percen t.

FREE WRITING

Write about television for	r 10 minutes.	Comment on	your partner's	oaper.

ACADEMIC WRITING

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1412/141211-television.html

Television does more good than harm. Discuss.							

HOMEWORK

- **1. VOCABULARY EXTENSION:** Choose several of the words from the text. Use a dictionary or Google's search field (or another search engine) to build up more associations / collocations of each word.
- **2. INTERNET:** Search the Internet and find out more about television. Share what you discover with your partner(s) in the next lesson.
- **3. TVs:** Make a poster about TVs. Show your work to your classmates in the next lesson. Did you all have similar things?
- **4. DIGITAL DEVICES:** Write a magazine article about digital devices becoming more popular than television. Include imaginary interviews with people who are for and against this.

Read what you wrote to your classmates in the next lesson. Write down any new words and expressions you hear from your partner(s).

- **5. WHAT HAPPENED NEXT?** Write a newspaper article about the next stage in this news story. Read what you wrote to your classmates in the next lesson. Give each other feedback on your articles.
- **6. LETTER:** Write a letter to an expert on television. Ask him/her three questions about television. Give him/her three of your ideas on how to make people watch TV more. Read your letter to your partner(s) in your next lesson. Your partner(s) will answer your questions.

ANSWERS

TRUE / FALSE (p.4)

a F b F c T d T e T f T g F h F

SYNONYM MATCH (p.4)

- 1. report
- 2 fell
- 3. increasing
- 4. moving
- 5. figure
- 6. because of
- 7. programmes
- 8. increasingly
- 9. group
- 10. national

- a. study
- b. decreased
- c. rising
- d. heading
- e. number
- f. due to
- g. shows
- h. more and more
- i. category
- j. countrywide

COMPREHENSION QUESTIONS (p.8)

- 1. TV makers
- 2. Business, habits and trends
- 3. In the opposite direction (downwards)
- 4. 300,000
- 5. 1956
- 6. Tablets, phones, etc.
- 7. Catch-up TV
- 8. 47%
- 9. 18-24-year-olds
- 10. 3%

MULTIPLE CHOICE - QUIZ (p.9)

1. a 2. c 3. b 4. d 5. a 6. d 7. b 8. d 9. c 10. b

ALL OTHER EXERCISES

Please check for yourself by looking at the Article on page 2. (It's good for your English ;-)