# www.Breaking News English.com

**Ready-to-Use English Lessons by Sean Banville** 

"1,000 IDEAS & ACTIVITIES FOR LANGUAGE TEACHERS"

www.breakingnewsenglish.com/book.html

Thousands more free lessons from Sean's other websites www.freeesImaterials.com/sean\_banville\_lessons.html

## Level 6 Cats are just as clever as dogs, says study

#### 28th January, 2017

http://www.breakingnewsenglish.com/1701/170128-cats.html

### Contents

The Article	2	Discussion (Student-Created Qs)	14
Warm-Ups	3	Language Work (Cloze)	15
Before Reading / Listening	4	Spelling	16
While Reading / Listening	5	Put The Text Back Together	17
Match The Sentences And Listen	6	Put The Words In The Right Order	18
Listening Gap Fill	7	Circle The Correct Word	19
Comprehension Questions	8	Insert The Vowels (a, e, i, o, u)	20
Multiple Choice - Quiz	9	Punctuate The Text And Add Capitals	21
Role Play	10	Put A Slash ( / ) Where The Spaces Are	22
After Reading / Listening	11	Free Writing	23
Student Survey	12	Academic Writing	24
Discussion (20 Questions)	13	Homework	25
		Answers	26

#### Please try Levels 5 and 4 (they are easier).



twitter.com/SeanBanville

www.facebook.com/pages/BreakingNewsEnglish/155625444452176

https://plus.google.com/+SeanBanville

### THE ARTICLE

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1701/170128-cats.html

For whatever reason, people assume dogs are more intelligent creatures than cats. This notion has been called into question by scientists in Japan, who have said that cats are as smart as dogs at certain memory tests. Cat lovers, of course, have always known this. Researchers at Kyoto University conducted tests on how well 49 cats could recall or relate to an event from the past – known as an episodic memory. The Japanese team got the felines to eat from one of two bowls. Fifteen minutes later, the cats were tested on their ability to remember which bowl they had eaten from and which remained untouched. The team found the cats could recall what they ate and where, suggesting they had episodic memory.

The scientists also said that cats were as good as dogs on a whole variety of mental tests, including responding to the gestures, facial expressions and emotions of humans. Researcher Saho Takagi told reporters that she believed cats think about past events similar to the way humans do. She said: "An interesting speculation is that they may enjoy actively recalling memories of their experience, like humans." She added: "Episodic memory is viewed as being related to an introspective function of the mind. Our study may imply a type of consciousness in cats." Ms Takagi said the research is good news for pet owners, saying: "Understanding cats more deeply helps to establish better cat-human relationships."

Sources: http://www.bbc.com/news/science-environment-38665057 http://www.telegraph.co.uk/news/2017/01/25/cats-dogs-equally-intelligent-new-research/ https://uk.news.yahoo.com/miaow-it-turns-out-that-dogs-arent-smarter-than-cats-after-all-122140191.html

#### WARM-UPS

**1. CATS:** Students walk around the class and talk to other students about cats. Change partners often and share your findings.

**2. CHAT:** In pairs / groups, talk about these topics or words from the article. What will the article say about them? What can you say about these words and your life?

reason / intelligent / creatures / memory tests / memory / felines / fifteen minutes / variety / gestures / facial expressions / emotions / consciousness / pet owners

Have a chat about the topics you liked. Change topics and partners frequently.

**3. INTELLIGENT:** Students A **strongly** believe cats are more intelligent than dogs; Students B **strongly** believe the opposite. Change partners again and talk about your conversations.

**4. COMPARISON:** Compare cats and dogs and how good they are at these things? Complete this table with your partner(s). Change partners often and share what you wrote.

	Cats are better because	Dogs are better because
Hunting		
Obeying humans		
Working		
Recognising people		
Helping people		
Being cute		

**5. DOG:** Spend one minute writing down all of the different words you associate with the word "dog". Share your words with your partner(s) and talk about them. Together, put the words into different categories.

**6. PETS:** Rank these with your partner. Put the best pets at the top. Change partners often and share your rankings.

- cat
- parrot
- hamster
- goldfish

- snake
- spider
- horse
- dog

### **BEFORE READING / LISTENING**

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1701/170128-cats.html

#### **1. TRUE / FALSE:** Read the headline. Guess if a-h below are true (T) or false (F).

- a. The article says people assume dogs are more intelligent than cats. **T / F**
- b. Research into cat intelligence was done at a university in Japan. **T / F**
- c. Cats ate from 15 bowls as part of a memory test. **T / F**
- d. The cats could remember which bowl they ate from. **T / F**
- e. Scientists said dogs were better at a whole variety of mental tests. **T / F**
- f. Scientists said cats could not respond to facial gestures. **T / F**
- g. A researcher said cats do not recall past memories like humans. T / F
- h. The researcher said the research was good news for pet owners. **T / F**

#### **2. SYNONYM MATCH:**

Match the following synonyms. The words in **bold** are from the news article.

- 1. creatures
- 2. notion
- 3. certain
- 4. felines
- 5. remained
- 6. variety
- 7. emotions
- 8. speculation
- 9. viewed
- 10. establish

- a. assortment
- b. cats
- c. seen
- d. belief
- e. feelings
- f. start
- g. specific
- h. stayed
- i. conjecture
- j. animals

#### **3. PHRASE MATCH:** (Sometimes more than one choice is possible.)

- 1. For whatever
- 2. This notion has been called
- 3. as smart as dogs at certain
- 4. cat
- 5. cats were tested on their ability
- 6. a whole variety
- 7. facial
- 8. think about past events similar to the
- 9. the research is good news
- 10. establish better cat-

- a. way humans do
- b. to remember
- c. of mental tests
- d. into question
- e. for pet owners
- f. reason
- g. human relationships
- h. memory tests
- i. expressions
- j. lovers

### **GAP FILL**

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1701/170128-cats.html

For (1) \_\_\_\_\_ reason, people assume dogs are more notion intelligent creatures than cats. This (2) \_\_\_\_\_ has been ability called into question by scientists in Japan, who have said that cats episodic are as smart as dogs at (3) memory tests. Cat relate lovers, of course, have always known this. Researchers at Kyoto whatever University conducted tests on how well 49 cats could recall or (4) to an event from the past – known as an untouched episodic memory. The Japanese team got the (5) \_\_\_\_\_ felines to eat from one of two bowls. Fifteen minutes later, the cats were certain tested on their (6) \_\_\_\_\_\_ to remember which bowl they had eaten from and which remained (7) \_\_\_\_\_. The team found the cats could recall what they ate and where, suggesting they had (8) \_\_\_\_\_ memory.

The scientists also said that cats were as good as dogs on a emotions (9) \_\_\_\_\_\_ variety of mental tests, (10) \_\_\_\_\_ whole responding to the gestures, facial expressions and news (11) \_\_\_\_\_\_ of humans. Researcher Saho Takagi told related reporters that she believed cats think about past events including (12) \_\_\_\_\_ to the way humans do. She said: "An interesting speculation is that they may enjoy actively recalling relationships memories of their experience, like humans." She added: "Episodic similar memory is viewed as being (13) \_\_\_\_\_ to an type introspective function of the mind. Our study may imply a (14) of consciousness in cats." Ms Takaqi said the research is good (15) \_\_\_\_\_ for pet owners, saying: "Understanding cats more deeply helps to establish better cathuman (16) \_\_\_\_\_."

#### **LISTENING** – Guess the answers. Listen to check.

From <a href="http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1701/170128-cats.html">http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1701/170128-cats.html</a>

1	<ul> <li>For whatever reason, people assume dogs are more</li> <li>a. intelligence creatures</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>b. intelligentsia creatures</li> <li>c. intelligently creatures</li> </ul>	
	d. intelligent creatures	
2	This notion has been called into scientists	
	a. questioned by b. question by	
	c. questions by	
_	d. questioning by	
-	<ul> <li>conducted tests on how well 49 cats could recall or relate to an event</li> <li>a. from a past</li> </ul>	
	b. from that past	
	c. from then past d. from the past	
2	remember which bowl they had eaten from and which	
	a. remained untouched	
	<ul> <li>b. remained non-touched</li> <li>c. remained and touched</li> </ul>	
	d. remained in touch	
5	cats could recall what they ate and where, suggesting they had	
	a. episodically memory b. episodes memory	
	c. episode memory	
	d. episodic memory	
6	scientists also said that cats were as good as dogs on a whole tests a. various of mental	
	b. varied of mental	
	c. variety of mental	
-	<ul> <li>d. varieties of mental</li> <li>responding to the gestures, facial expressions and humans</li> </ul>	
	a. emotions off	
	b. emotion of	
	c. emotionally off d. emotions of	
8	An interesting speculation is that they may enjoy actively recalling memories	
	a. of their experiential	
	<ul> <li>b. of their experience</li> <li>c. of their experiences</li> </ul>	
	d. of their experienced	
ç	Episodic memory is viewed as being related to an introspective mind	
	a. function of the b. functioned of the	
	c. functions of the	
-	d. functional of the	
_	<ol> <li>Ms Takagi said the research is good news for</li> <li>a. pets owners</li> </ol>	
	b. pet owner	
	c. pets owner	
	d. pet owners	

#### LISTENING – Listen and fill in the gaps

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1701/170128-cats.html

For (1) \_\_\_\_\_, people assume dogs are more intelligent creatures than cats. This notion has been (2) \_\_\_\_\_ by scientists in Japan, who have said that cats are as smart as dogs at certain memory tests. (3) \_\_\_\_\_ course, have always known this. Researchers at Kyoto University conducted tests on how well 49 cats could (4) to an event from the past – known as an episodic memory. The Japanese team got (5) from one of two bowls. Fifteen minutes later, the cats were tested on their ability to remember which bowl they had eaten from and which remained found untouched. The team the cats could recall what (6) \_\_\_\_\_, suggesting they had episodic memory.

scientists also said that cats were The as good as dogs (7) \_\_\_\_\_\_ of mental tests, including responding to the gestures, (8) and emotions of humans. Researcher Saho Takagi told reporters that she believed cats think (9) \_\_\_\_\_\_ similar to the way humans do. She said: "An interesting speculation is that they (10) \_\_\_\_\_ recalling memories of their experience, like humans." She added: "Episodic memory (11) being related to an introspective function of the mind. Our study may imply a type of consciousness in cats." Ms Takagi said the research (12) \_\_\_\_\_ pet owners, saying: "Understanding cats more deeply helps to establish better cat-human relationships."

7

### **COMPREHENSION QUESTIONS**

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1701/170128-cats.html

- 1. What was called into question by scientists?
- 2. At which university was this research conducted?
- 3. How many bowls could the cats choose to eat from?
- 4. What was the interval between cats eating and then being tested?
- 5. What did the research suggest cats had?
- 6. What kind of expressions did scientists say cats respond to?
- 7. What might cats think about in a similar way to humans?
- 8. What might the study imply exists in cats?
- 9. For whom did the article say the research was good news?
- 10. What kind of improved relationships could the research establish?

# **MULTIPLE CHOICE - QUIZ**

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1701/170128-cats.html

<ol> <li>1) What was called into question by scientists?</li> <li>a) a potion</li> <li>b) a notion</li> <li>c) a motion</li> <li>d) a lotion</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>6) What kind of expressions did scientists say cats respond to?</li> <li>a) facial expressions</li> <li>b) fixed expressions</li> <li>c) regular expressions</li> <li>d) gene expressions</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>2) At which university was this research conducted?</li> <li>a) Kyushu</li> <li>b) Tokyo</li> <li>c) Tokai</li> <li>d) Kyoto</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>7) What might cats think about in a similar way to humans?</li> <li>a) future plans</li> <li>b) sleep</li> <li>c) past events</li> <li>d) dinner</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>3) How many bowls could the cats choose to eat from?</li> <li>a) 128</li> <li>b) 7</li> <li>c) 2</li> <li>d) 15</li> </ul>	<ul><li>8) What might the study imply exists in cats?</li><li>a) a type of consciousness</li><li>b) a big appetite</li><li>c) deep intelligence</li><li>d) a sense of humour</li></ul>
<ul> <li>4) What was the interval between cats eating and then being tested?</li> <li>a) 15 minutes</li> <li>b) 16 minutes</li> <li>c) 17 minutes</li> <li>d) 18 minutes</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>9) For whom did the article say the research was good news?</li> <li>a) researchers</li> <li>b) scientists</li> <li>c) cats</li> <li>d) pet owners</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>5) What did the research suggest cats had?</li> <li>a) food</li> <li>b) an episodic memory</li> <li>c) a big appetite</li> <li>d) lots of fun</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>10) What kind of improved relationships could the research establish?</li> <li>a) dog-researcher relationships</li> <li>b) scientist-cat relationships</li> <li>c) cat-human relationships</li> <li>d) cat-dog relationships</li> </ul>

### **ROLE PLAY**

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1701/170128-cats.html

#### Role A – Cats

You think cats make the best pets. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them what is wrong with their pets. Also, tell the others which is the worst pet of these (and why): goldfish, dogs or horses.

#### Role B – Goldfish

You think goldfish make the best pets. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them what is wrong with their pets. Also, tell the others which is the worst pet of these (and why): cats, dogs or horses.

#### Role C – Dogs

You think dogs make the best pets. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them what is wrong with their pets. Also, tell the others which is the worst pet of these (and why): goldfish, cats or horses.

#### **Role D – Horses**

You think horses make the best pets. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them what is wrong with their pets. Also, tell the others which is the worst pet of these (and why): goldfish, dogs or cats.

# **AFTER READING / LISTENING**

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1701/170128-cats.html

**1. WORD SEARCH:** Look in your dictionary / computer to find collocates, other meanings, information, synonyms ... for the words 'cat' and 'dog'.

cat	dog

- Share your findings with your partners.
- Make questions using the words you found.
- Ask your partner / group your questions.

**2. ARTICLE QUESTIONS:** Look back at the article and write down some questions you would like to ask the class about the text.

- Share your questions with other classmates / groups.
- Ask your partner / group your questions.

**3. GAP FILL:** In pairs / groups, compare your answers to this exercise. Check your answers. Talk about the words from the activity. Were they new, interesting, worth learning...?

**4. VOCABULARY:** Circle any words you do not understand. In groups, pool unknown words and use dictionaries to find their meanings.

**5. TEST EACH OTHER:** Look at the words below. With your partner, try to recall how they were used in the text:

### **CATS SURVEY**

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1701/170128-cats.html

Write five GOOD questions about cats in the table. Do this in pairs. Each student must write the questions on his / her own paper.

When you have finished, interview other students. Write down their answers.

	STUDENT 1	STUDENT 2	STUDENT 3
Q.1.			
Q.2.			
Q.3.			
Q.4.			
Q.5.			

- Now return to your original partner and share and talk about what you found out. Change partners often.
- Make mini-presentations to other groups on your findings.

## CATS DISCUSSION

STUDENT A's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student B)

- 1. What did you think when you read the headline?
- 2. What springs to mind when you hear the word 'cat'?
- 3. What do you think of cats?
- 4. What do you think about what you read?
- 5. Do you think cats are as intelligent as dogs?
- 6. In what way are cats intelligent?
- 7. Why are cats so popular as pets?
- 8. What is your memory like?
- 9. What can you do to improve your memory?
- 10. What is the best name for a cat, and why?

Cats are just as clever as dogs, says study – 28th January, 2017 Thousands more free lessons at www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com

\_\_\_\_\_

#### CATS DISCUSSION

STUDENT B's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student A)

- 11. Did you like reading this article? Why/not?
- 12. What do you think of when you hear the word 'intelligence'?
- 13. What do you think of dogs?
- 14. In what way are dogs intelligent?
- 15. What things can you remember very well? Why?
- 16. How good are you at doing mental tests?
- 17. What past events do you like recalling?
- 18. What is the best name for a dog, and why?
- 19. How are relationships with cats different to those with dogs?
- 20. What questions would you like to ask the researchers?

### **DISCUSSION (Write your own questions)**

STUDENT A's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student B)

1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	
F	
5.	
6.	
Converient	ht @

\_\_\_\_\_

Copyright © www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com 2017

### **DISCUSSION (Write your own questions)**

STUDENT B's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student A)

1.		
۷.		
3.		
4.		
5.	 	
6.		

### LANGUAGE - CLOZE

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1701/170128-cats.html

For (1) \_\_\_\_\_ reason, people assume dogs are more intelligent creatures than cats. This (2) \_\_\_\_\_ has been called into question by scientists in Japan, who have said that cats are as smart as dogs at (3) \_\_\_\_\_ memory tests. Cat lovers, of course, have always known this. Researchers at Kyoto University conducted tests on how well 49 cats could (4) \_\_\_\_\_ or relate to an event from the past – known as an episodic memory. The Japanese team got the felines to eat from one of two bowls. Fifteen minutes later, the cats were tested (5) \_\_\_\_\_ their ability to remember which bowl they had eaten from and which remained untouched. The team found the cats could recall what they ate and where, (6) \_\_\_\_\_ they had episodic memory.

The scientists also said that cats were as good as dogs on a (7) \_\_\_\_\_ variety of mental tests, including responding to the gestures, facial expressions and (8) \_\_\_\_\_ of humans. Researcher Saho Takagi told reporters that she believed cats think about past events (9) \_\_\_\_\_ to the way humans do. She said: "An interesting speculation is that they may enjoy actively (10) \_\_\_\_\_ memories of their experience, like humans." She added: "Episodic memory is viewed as being related to an introspective function (11) \_\_\_\_\_ the mind. Our study may imply a type of consciousness (12) \_\_\_\_\_ cats." Ms Takagi said the research is good news for pet owners, saying: "Understanding cats more deeply helps to establish better cathuman relationships."

#### Put the correct words from the table below in the above article.

1.	(a)	whatever	(b)	whoever	(c)	whomever	(d)	however
2.	(a)	nation	(b)	motion	(c)	notion	(d)	lotion
3.	(a)	curtain	(b)	certainly	(c)	certain	(d)	creating
4.	(a)	calculate	(b)	calling	(c)	call	(d)	recall
5.	(a)	as	(b)	at	(c)	on	(d)	to
6.	(a)	suggests	(b)	suggesting	(c)	suggested	(d)	suggest
7.	(a)	entire	(b)	whole	(c)	all	(d)	every
8.	(a)	emotive	(b)	emotions	(c)	emoticons	(d)	emotional
9.	(a)	same	(b)	similarity	(c)	similar	(d)	similes
10.	(a)	recalls	(b)	recalled	(c)	recall	(d)	recalling
11.	(a)	as	(b)	of	(c)	by	(d)	at
12.	(a)	at	(b)	by	(c)	on	(d)	in

## SPELLING

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1701/170128-cats.html

#### Paragraph 1

- 1. people <u>aeumss</u> dogs are more
- 2. intelligent racuseert
- 3. <u>arencit</u> memory tests
- 4. <u>decudtnco</u> tests
- 5. got the <u>nleeifs</u> to eat
- 6. suggesting they had <u>eisodpic</u> memory.

#### Paragraph 2

- 7. a whole <u>aivyetr</u> of mental tests
- 8. responding to the <u>geusrste</u>
- 9. lafaci expressions
- 10. interesting teasonpcilu
- 11. related to an *itpisneotrecv* function
- 12. a type of noeisuosccnss in cats

### PUT THE TEXT BACK TOGETHER

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1701/170128-cats.html

#### Number these lines in the correct order.

- (**1**) For whatever reason, people assume dogs are more intelligent creatures than cats. This notion has been called
- ( ) is that they may enjoy actively recalling memories of their experience, like
- ( ) humans." She added: "Episodic memory is viewed as being related to an introspective function of
- () what they ate and where, suggesting they had episodic memory.
- ( ) lovers, of course, have always known this. Researchers at Kyoto University conducted tests on how well 49 cats could
- ( ) the mind. Our study may imply a type of consciousness in cats." Ms Takagi said the research is good news for pet
- ( ) believed cats think about past events similar to the way humans do. She said: "An interesting speculation
- ( ) one of two bowls. Fifteen minutes later, the cats were tested on their ability to remember
- ( ) which bowl they had eaten from and which remained untouched. The team found the cats could recall
- ( ) into question by scientists in Japan, who have said that cats are as smart as dogs at certain memory tests. Cat
- ( ) to the gestures, facial expressions and emotions of humans. Researcher Saho Takagi told reporters that she
- ( ) owners, saying: "Understanding cats more deeply helps to establish better cat-human relationships."
- ( ) recall or relate to an event from the past known as an episodic memory. The Japanese team got the felines to eat from
- ( ) The scientists also said that cats were as good as dogs on a whole variety of mental tests, including responding

#### PUT THE WORDS IN THE RIGHT ORDER

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1701/170128-cats.html

1. dogs than are cats more People intelligent assume creatures .

2. into notion question has by been scientists called This .

3. course always Cat of have this , , known lovers .

4. to tested remember on The their cats ability were .

5. cats what The the recall ate found could they team .

6. tests As on mental a good whole as variety dogs of .

7. the similar think way about humans past do events Cats to .

8. of function introspective an to Related mind the .

9. may type in study a consciousness Our imply of cats .

10. establish to Helps relationships human - cat better .

### **CIRCLE THE CORRECT WORD (20 PAIRS)**

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1701/170128-cats.html

For whatever / however reason, people resume / assume dogs are more intelligent creatures than cats. This motion / notion has been called into question by scientists in Japan, who have said that cats are as smart as dogs at certain / certainly memory tests. Cat loves / lovers, of course, have always known this. Researchers at Kyoto University conducted tests on how well 49 cats could recall or relate to an event from the / a past – known as an episodic memory. The Japanese team got the canines / felines to eat from one of two bowls. Fifteen minutes later, the cats were tested on their ability / able to remember which bowl they had eaten from and which remaining / remained untouched. The team found the cats could recall what they ate and where, suggests / suggesting they had episodic memory.

The scientists also said that cats were as good as dogs on a *whole / entire* variety of mental tests, including *response / responding* to the gestures, facial expressions and *emoticons / emotions* of humans. Researcher Saho Takagi told reporters that she *believed / belief* cats think about past events similar to the way humans do. She said: "An interesting *speculation / speculating* is that they may enjoy *actively / active* recalling memories of their *experience / experiential*, like humans." She added: "Episodic memory is viewed as being *rated / related* to an introspective function of the mind. Our study may *imply / comply* a type of consciousness in cats." Ms Takagi said the research is good news for pet owners, saying: "Understanding cats more deeply helps to *establish / establishment* better cat-human relationships."

# Talk about the connection between each pair of words in italics, and why the correct word is correct.

### **INSERT THE VOWELS (a, e, i, o, u)**

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1701/170128-cats.html

F\_r wh\_t\_v\_r r\_\_s\_n, p\_\_pl\_\_ss\_m\_ d\_gs \_r\_ m\_r\_ \_nt\_ll\_g\_nt cr\_\_t\_r\_s th\_n c\_ts. Th\_s n\_t\_\_n h\_s b\_\_n c\_ll\_d\_nt\_ q\_\_st\_\_n by sc\_\_nt\_sts \_n J\_p\_n, wh\_ h\_v\_ s\_\_d th\_t c\_ts \_r\_\_s sm\_rt \_s d\_gs \_t c\_rt\_\_n m\_m\_ry t\_sts. C\_t l\_v\_rs, \_f c\_\_rs\_, h\_v\_\_lw\_ys kn\_wn th\_s. R\_s\_\_rch\_rs \_t Ky\_t\_\_n\_v\_rs\_ty c\_nd\_ct\_d t\_sts \_n h\_w w\_ll 49 c\_ts c\_\_ld r\_c\_ll \_r r\_l\_t\_ t\_\_ n \_v\_nt fr\_m th\_ p\_st - kn\_wn \_s \_n \_p\_s\_d\_c m\_m\_ry. Th\_ J\_p\_n\_s\_ t\_\_m g\_t th\_ f\_l\_n\_s t\_\_\_t fr\_m \_n\_\_f tw\_ b\_wls. F\_ft\_\_n m\_n\_t\_s l\_t\_r, th\_ c\_ts w\_r\_ t\_st\_d \_n th\_\_r \_b\_l\_ty t\_ r\_m\_mb\_r wh\_ch b\_wl th\_y h\_d \_\_t\_n fr\_m \_nd wh\_ch r\_m\_\_n\_d \_nt\_\_ch\_d. Th\_ t\_\_m f\_\_nd th\_\_ c\_ts c\_\_ld r\_c\_ll wh\_t th\_y \_t\_\_ nd wh\_r\_, s\_gg\_st\_ng th\_y h\_d \_p\_s\_d\_c m\_mry.

Th\_ sc\_\_nt\_sts \_ls\_ s\_\_d th\_t c\_ts w\_r\_ \_s g\_\_d \_s d\_gs \_n \_ wh\_l\_ v\_r\_\_ty \_f m\_nt\_l t\_sts, \_ncl\_d\_ng r\_sp\_nd\_ng t\_ th\_ g\_st\_r\_s, f\_c\_\_l \_xpr\_ss\_\_ns \_nd \_m\_t\_\_ns \_f h\_m\_ns. R\_s\_\_rch\_r S\_h\_ T\_k\_g\_ t\_ld r\_p\_rt\_rs th\_t sh\_ b\_l\_v\_d c\_ts th\_nk \_b\_\_t p\_st \_v\_nts s\_m\_l\_r t\_ th\_ w\_y h\_m\_ns d\_. Sh\_ s\_\_d: "\_n \_nt\_r\_st\_ng sp\_c\_l\_t\_\_n \_s th\_t th\_y m\_y \_nj\_y \_ct\_v\_ly r\_c\_ll\_ng m\_m\_r\_s \_f th\_\_r \_xp\_r\_\_nc\_, l\_k h\_m\_ns." Sh\_ dd\_d: "\_p\_s\_d\_c m\_m\_ry \_s v\_w\_d \_s b\_\_ng r\_l\_t\_d t\_ n\_ntr\_sp\_ct\_v\_ f\_nct\_\_n \_f th\_ m\_nd. \_\_r st\_dy m\_y \_mply \_ typ\_ \_f c\_nsc\_\_sn\_ss \_n c\_ts." Ms T\_k\_g\_ s\_\_d th\_\_r\_s\_rch \_s g\_\_d n\_ws f\_r p\_t \_wn\_rs, s\_y\_ng: "\_nd\_rst\_nd\_ng c\_ts m\_r\_ d\_\_ply h\_lps t\_ \_st\_bl\_sh b\_tt\_r c\_t-h\_m\_n r\_l\_t\_\_nsh\_ps."

#### PUNCTUATE THE TEXT AND ADD CAPITALS

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1701/170128-cats.html

for whatever reason people assume dogs are more intelligent creatures than cats this notion has been called into question by scientists in japan who have said that cats are as smart as dogs at certain memory tests cat lovers of course have always known this researchers at kyoto university conducted tests on how well 49 cats could recall or relate to an event from the past – known as an episodic memory the japanese team got the felines to eat from one of two bowls fifteen minutes later the cats were tested on their ability to remember which bowl they had eaten from and which remained untouched the team found the cats could recall what they ate and where suggesting they had episodic memory

the scientists also said that cats were as good as dogs on a whole variety of mental tests including responding to the gestures facial expressions and emotions of humans researcher saho takagi told reporters that she believed cats think about past events similar to the way humans do she said "an interesting speculation is that they may enjoy actively recalling memories of their experience like humans" she added "episodic memory is viewed as being related to an introspective function of the mind our study may imply a type of consciousness in cats" ms takagi said the research is good news for pet owners saying "understanding cats more deeply helps to establish better cat-human relationships"

21

## PUT A SLASH ( / ) WHERE THE SPACES ARE

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1701/170128-cats.html

Forwhateverreason, peopleassumed ogsaremore intelligent creature sthancats.ThisnotionhasbeencalledintoquestionbyscientistsinJapan ,whohavesaidthatcatsareassmartasdogsatcertainmemorytests.Cat lovers, of course, have always known this. Researchers at Kyoto Universi tyconductedtestsonhowwell49catscouldrecallorrelatetoaneventfro mthepast-knownasanepisodicmemory.TheJapaneseteamgotthefel inestoeatfromoneoftwobowls.Fifteenminuteslater,thecatsweretest edontheirabilitytorememberwhichbowltheyhadeatenfromandwhich remained untouched. The team found the cats could recall what they are andwhere, suggesting they had episodic memory. The scientists also sai dthatcatswereasgoodasdogsonawholevarietyofmentaltests, include ngrespondingtothegestures, facial expressions and emotions of huma ns.ResearcherSahoTakagitoldreportersthatshebelievedcatsthinkab outpasteventssimilartothewayhumansdo.Shesaid:"Aninterestingsp eculationisthattheymayenjoyactivelyrecallingmemoriesoftheirexpe rience, likehumans. "Sheadded: "Episodicmemory is viewed as being re latedtoanintrospectivefunctionofthemind.Ourstudymayimplyatype of conscious ness incats." MsTakagisaid the research is good news for pet owners, saying: "Understandingcatsmoredeeplyhelpstoestablishbet tercat-humanrelationships."

### FREE WRITING

From <a href="http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1701/170128-cats.html">http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1701/170128-cats.html</a>

Write about **cats** for 10 minutes. Comment on your partner's paper.

### ACADEMIC WRITING

From <a href="http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1701/170128-cats.html">http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1701/170128-cats.html</a>

Cats are more intelligent than dogs. Discuss.


### HOMEWORK

**1. VOCABULARY EXTENSION:** Choose several of the words from the text. Use a dictionary or Google's search field (or another search engine) to build up more associations / collocations of each word.

**2. INTERNET:** Search the Internet and find out more about this story. Share what you discover with your partner(s) in the next lesson.

**3. CATS:** Make a poster about cats and intelligence. Show your work to your classmates in the next lesson. Did you all have similar things?

**4. CATS AND DOGS:** Write a magazine article about cats being more intelligent than dogs. Include imaginary interviews with people who agree and disagree.

Read what you wrote to your classmates in the next lesson. Write down any new words and expressions you hear from your partner(s).

**5. WHAT HAPPENED NEXT?** Write a newspaper article about the next stage in this news story. Read what you wrote to your classmates in the next lesson. Give each other feedback on your articles.

**6. LETTER:** Write a letter to an expert on cats. Ask him/her three questions about them. Give him/her three examples showing that cats are more intelligent than dogs. Read your letter to your partner(s) in your next lesson. Your partner(s) will answer your questions.

#### ANSWERS

#### TRUE / FALSE (p.4)

а	т	b	т	С	F	d T	Ге	F	f	F	a	F	h	т
~				<u> </u>		u u					3			

#### SYNONYM MATCH (p.4)

1.	creatures

- 2. notion
- 3. certain
- 4. felines
- 5. remained
- 6. variety
- 7. emotions
- 8. speculation
- 9. viewed
- 10. establish

#### a. animals

- b. belief
- c. specific
- d. cats
- e. stayed
- f. assortment
- g. feelings
- h. conjecture
- i. seen
- j. start

#### **COMPREHENSION QUESTIONS (p.8)**

- 1. The notion that dogs are more intelligent than cats.
- 2. Kyoto
- 3. Two
- 4. 15 minutes
- 5. Episodic memory
- 6. Facial expressions
- 7. Past events
- 8. A type of consciousness
- 9. Pet owners
- 10. Cat-human relationships

#### **MULTIPLE CHOICE - QUIZ (p.9)**

1. b 2. d 3. c 4. a 5. b 6. a 7. c 8. a 9. d 10. c

#### ALL OTHER EXERCISES

Please check for yourself by looking at the Article on page 2. (It's good for your English ;-)