www.Breaking News English.com

Ready-to-Use English Lessons by Sean Banville

"1,000 IDEAS & ACTIVITIES

FOR LANGUAGE TEACHERS"

www.breakingnewsenglish.com/book.html

Thousands more free lessons from Sean's other websites

www.freeeslmaterials.com/sean_banville_lessons.html

Level 3 Fasting may lead to health benefits

27th February, 2017

http://www.breakingnewsenglish.com/1702/170227-fasting-diet.html

Contents

The Article	2	Discussion (Student-Created Qs)	14
Warm-Ups	3	Language Work (Cloze)	15
Before Reading / Listening	4	Spelling	16
Gap Fill	5	Put The Text Back Together	17
Match The Sentences And Listen	6	Put The Words In The Right Order	18
Listening Gap Fill	7	Circle The Correct Word	19
Comprehension Questions	8	Insert The Vowels (a, e, i, o, u)	20
Multiple Choice - Quiz	9	Punctuate The Text And Add Capitals	21
Role Play	10	Put A Slash (/) Where The Spaces Are	22
After Reading / Listening	11	Free Writing	23
Student Survey	12	Academic Writing	24
Discussion (20 Questions)	13	Homework	25
		Answers	26

Please try Levels 0, 1 and 2 (they are easier).



twitter.com/SeanBanville

www.facebook.com/pages/BreakingNewsEnglish/155625444452176

https://plus.google.com/+SeanBanville

THE ARTICLE

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1702/170227-fasting-diet.html

Scientists have conducted tests on mice showing that fasting could have many health benefits. Fasting is eating or drinking very little or nothing for a short period of time. It is usually around 24 hours but can be for a few days. The tests were carried out by scientists at universities in the USA and Italy. They found that occasional fasting in mice could reduce the risk of diabetes, heart disease, cancer and other diseases. The scientists fed mice for four days on a low-calorie, low-protein and lowcarbohydrate but high-fat diet. They then gave the mice just 10% of their normal calorie intake for three days. The scientists found this diet made the pancreas in the mice work better.

The pancreas is an organ in the body that uses special cells called beta cells to produce the hormone insulin. The body uses insulin to break down glucose (a kind of sugar) in the blood. People with diabetes have trouble producing enough insulin so they have health problems because there is too much sugar in their blood. This can cause death. In type 1 diabetes, the pancreas stops producing insulin. In type 2 diabetes, either not enough insulin is produced or the insulin that is produced has no effect. Scientists said the mice on the fasting diet produced increased amounts of beta cells and insulin. They said their results were very promising and that tests now need to be done on humans.

Sources: http://www.**nhs.uk/news**/2017/02February/Pages/Fasting-diet-may-help-regenerate-diabeticpancreas.aspx http://www.**sciencealert.com**/this-fasting-diet-could-reverse-diabetes-and-repair-the-pancreassays-new-research https://en.**wikipedia.org**/wiki/Fasting

WARM-UPS

1. FASTING: Students walk around the class and talk to other students about fasting. Change partners often and share your findings.

2. CHAT: In pairs / groups, talk about these topics or words from the article. What will the article say about them? What can you say about these words and your life?

scientists / tests / mice / health benefits / fasting / diabetes / heart disease / calorie / organ / cells / body / insulin / sugar / health / blood / diet / promising / humans

Have a chat about the topics you liked. Change topics and partners frequently.

3. TRAINING: Students A **strongly** believe we should all receive regular training on how to eat healthily; Students B **strongly** believe this isn't necessary. Change partners again and talk about your conversations.

4. DIETS: What do you think of these diets? Complete this table with your partner(s). Change partners often and share what you wrote.

	Good things	Bad things
Fasting		
Mediterranean Diet		
Vegetarian diet		
Fruit only diet		
Low-protein diet		
Fast food diet		

5. EATING: Spend one minute writing down all of the different words you associate with the word "eating". Share your words with your partner(s) and talk about them. Together, put the words into different categories.

6. HEALTH: Rank these with your partner. Put the healthiest things to do at the top. Change partners often and share your rankings.

- eat vegetables
- sleep
- meditate
- exercise

- laugh with friends
- go hiking
- take a long bath
- avoid fast food

BEFORE READING / LISTENING

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1702/170227-fasting-diet.html

1. TRUE / FALSE: Read the headline. Guess if a-h below are true (T) or false (F).

- a. Scientists did tests on monkeys to show the effects of fasting. T / F
- b. The tests were conducted by universities in two different countries. **T / F**
- c. Scientists found that occasional fasting could cut the risk of cancer. **T / F**
- d. Scientists found that fasting made the pancreas in the body work better. T / F
- e. The pancreas is an organ that produces alpha cells to make insulin. **T / F**
- f. Insulin helps to break down glucose in the blood. **T / F**
- g. In type 2 diabetes, too much insulin is produced. **T / F**
- h. Scientists made promises to each other because of their test results. T / F

2. SYNONYM MATCH:

Match the following synonyms. The words in **bold** are from the news article.

- 1. conducted
- 2. short
- 3. occasional
- 4. normal
- 5. found
- 6. produce
- 7. trouble
- 8. cause
- 9. amounts
- 10. promising

- a. quantities
- b. usual
- c. discovered
- d. brief
- e. problems
- f. done
- g. good
- h. periodic
- i. lead to
- j. make

3. PHRASE MATCH: (Sometimes more than one choice is possible.)

- 1. Scientists have conducted
- 2. Fasting is eating or drinking very
- 3. reduce the risk
- 4. gave the mice just 10% of their
- 5. this diet made the pancreas in the mice
- 6. The pancreas is an organ
- 7. The body uses insulin to break
- 8. there is too much sugar
- 9. the insulin that is produced has
- 10. They said their results were very

- a. normal calorie intake
- b. promising
- c. work better
- d. in the body
- e. little or nothing
- f. in their blood
- g. tests on mice
- h. no effect
- i. of diabetes
- j. down glucose

GAP FILL

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1702/170227-fasting-diet.html

Scientists have (1) ______ tests on mice showing that benefits fasting could have many health (2) _____. Fasting is risk eating or drinking very little or nothing for a short work (3) ______ of time. It is usually around 24 hours but can conducted be for a (4) _____ days. The tests were carried out by few scientists at universities in the USA and Italy. They found that occasional fasting in mice could reduce the (5) of diet diabetes, heart disease, cancer and other (6) _____. The period scientists fed mice for four days on a low-calorie, low-protein and diseases low-carbohydrate but high-fat (7) _____. They then gave the mice just 10% of their normal calorie intake for three days. The scientists found this diet made the pancreas in the mice (8) _____ better.

The pancreas is an (9) _____ in the body that uses sugar special cells called beta cells to produce the (10) enough insulin. The body uses insulin to break down glucose (a kind of promising (11) _____) in the blood. People with diabetes have hormone trouble producing enough insulin so they have health problems amounts because there is too (12) ______ sugar in their blood. This can cause death. In type 1 diabetes, the pancreas stops producing organ insulin. In type 2 diabetes, either not (13) _____ insulin effect is produced or the insulin that is produced has no much (14) _____. Scientists said the mice on the fasting diet produced increased (15) _____ of beta cells and insulin. They said their results were very (16) _____ and that tests now need to be done on humans.

LISTENING – Guess the answers. Listen to check.

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1702/170227-fasting-diet.html

1) conducted tests on mice showing that fasting could have many
a. healthy benefits
b. health benefit
c. health benefits
d. healthy benefit
 Fasting is eating or drinking very little or nothing for a short
a. periods of time
b. period off time
c. period of time
d. period of timed
It is usually around 24 hours but can be
a. for a few days
b. four a few days
c. four a few daze
d. for a few daze
4) fasting in mice could reduce the risk of diabetes, heart disease, cancer and
a. another diseases
b. other diseases
c. the other diseases
d. others diseases
They then gave the mice just 10% of their normal
a. calories intake
b. calorie outtake
c. calorie uptake
d. calorie intake
the body that uses special cells called beta cells to produce the
a. hormonal insulin
b. hormone insulate
c. hormones insulin
d. hormonal insulate
7) they have health problems because there is too much sugar
a. in the blood
b. in there blood
c. in their blood
d. in they're blood
8) either not enough insulin is produced or the insulin that is produced
a. has not effect
b. has none effect
c. has now effect
d. has no effect
9) Scientists said the mice on the fasting diet produced increased amounts
a. of beater cells
b. of beta calls
c. of beta cells
d. of better cells
10) their results were very promising and that tests now need to be
a. done on humane
b. done on human
c. doing on humans
d. done on humans

LISTENING – Listen and fill in the gaps

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1702/170227-fasting-diet.html

Scientists have conducted (1) _______ showing that fasting could have many health benefits. Fasting is eating or drinking very little or nothing for a short (2) _______. It is usually around 24 hours but can be (3) _______. The tests were carried out by scientists at universities in the USA and Italy. They found that occasional fasting in mice could (4) _______ diabetes, heart disease, cancer and other diseases. The scientists fed mice for four days on a low-calorie, low-protein and low-carbohydrate (5) ______. They then gave the mice just 10% of their normal (6) _______ three days. The scientists found this diet made the pancreas in the mice work better.

The pancreas (7) ______ the body that uses special cells called beta cells to produce the hormone insulin. The body uses insulin to break down glucose (a kind of sugar) in the blood. People with diabetes have (8) enough insulin so they have health problems because there is too much (9) ______ blood. This can cause death. In type 1 diabetes, the pancreas stops producing insulin. In type 2 diabetes, (10) insulin is produced or the insulin that is produced has no effect. Scientists said the mice on the fasting diet produced increased (11) _____ cells and insulin. They said were very promising and their results that tests now (12) _____ humans.

7

COMPREHENSION QUESTIONS

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1702/170227-fasting-diet.html

- 1. On what animals did scientists conduct tests?
- 2. In how many different countries did scientists conduct the tests?
- 3. What disease could fasting help besides diabetes and heart disease?
- 4. What was the diet the animals had high in?
- 5. What part of the animal's body worked better because of the fasting?
- 6. What kind of cells help to produce the hormone insulin?
- 7. What does insulin help to break down in the blood?
- 8. What type of diabetes means no insulin is produced?
- 9. What can have no effect with a type of diabetes?
- 10. What do scientists now want to do their tests on?

MULTIPLE CHOICE - QUIZ

From <u>http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1702/170227-fasting-diet.html</u>

 1) On what animals did scientists conduct tests? a) guinea pigs b) monkeys c) mice d) frogs 	 6) What kind of cells help to produce the hormone insulin? a) alpha cells b) beta cells c) red cells d) white cells
 2) In how many different countries did scientists conduct the tests? a) 2 b) 3 c) 4 d) 5 	 7) What does insulin help to break down in the blood? a) beta cells b) hormone c) calories d) glucose
 3) What disease could fasting help besides diabetes and heart disease? a) polio b) tuberculosis c) cholera d) cancer 	 8) What type of diabetes means no insulin is produced? a) 0 b) 1 c) 2 d) IV
 4) What was the diet the animals had high in? a) fruit b) fat c) vitamin C d) nuts 	 9) What can have no effect with a type of diabetes? a) insulin b) glucose c) hormones d) blood
 5) What part of the animal's body worked better because of the fasting? a) the lungs b) the brain c) the pancreas d) the toes 	 10) What do scientists now want to do their tests on? a) potatoes b) robots c) computers d) humans

ROLE PLAY

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1702/170227-fasting-diet.html

Role A – Sleep

You think the healthiest thing to do is sleep. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them what is wrong with their things. Also, tell the others which is the least healthy of these (and why): laugh with friends, go hiking or eat vegetables.

Role B – Laugh With Friends

You think the healthiest thing to do is laugh with friends. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them what is wrong with their things. Also, tell the others which is the least healthy of these (and why): sleep, go hiking or eat vegetables.

Role C – Go Hiking

You think the healthiest thing to do is go hiking. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them what is wrong with their things. Also, tell the others which is the least healthy of these (and why): laugh with friends, sleep or eat vegetables.

Role D – Eat Vegetables

You think the healthiest thing to do is eat vegetables. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them what is wrong with their things. Also, tell the others which is the least healthy of these (and why): laugh with friends, go hiking or sleep.

AFTER READING / LISTENING

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1702/170227-fasting-diet.html

1. WORD SEARCH: Look in your dictionary / computer to find collocates, other meanings, information, synonyms ... for the words 'health' and 'benefit'.

health	benefit

- Share your findings with your partners.
- Make questions using the words you found.
- Ask your partner / group your questions.

2. ARTICLE QUESTIONS: Look back at the article and write down some questions you would like to ask the class about the text.

- Share your questions with other classmates / groups.
- Ask your partner / group your questions.

3. GAP FILL: In pairs / groups, compare your answers to this exercise. Check your answers. Talk about the words from the activity. Were they new, interesting, worth learning...?

4. VOCABULARY: Circle any words you do not understand. In groups, pool unknown words and use dictionaries to find their meanings.

5. TEST EACH OTHER: Look at the words below. With your partner, try to recall how they were used in the text:

 showing short carried risk fat better 	 organ break much 2 effect promising
• better	promising

FASTING SURVEY

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1702/170227-fasting-diet.html

Write five GOOD questions about fasting in the table. Do this in pairs. Each student must write the questions on his / her own paper.

When you have finished, interview other students. Write down their answers.

	STUDENT 1	STUDENT 2	STUDENT 3
Q.1.			
Q.2.			
Q.3.			
Q.4.			
Q.5.			

- Now return to your original partner and share and talk about what you found out. Change partners often.
- Make mini-presentations to other groups on your findings.

FASTING DISCUSSION

STUDENT A's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student B)

- 1. What did you think when you read the headline?
- 2. What images are in your mind when you hear the word 'health'?
- 3. Why do scientists always do tests on mice?
- 4. What do you think of fasting?
- 5. What's the longest you could go without food?
- 6. What are you like if you have no food?
- 7. Why can fasting be good for your health?
- 8. What do you know about diabetes?
- 9. Should we all have regular training on healthy eating?
- 10. How healthy is your diet?

Fasting may lead to health benefits – 27th February, 2017 Thousands more free lessons at www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com

FASTING DISCUSSION

STUDENT B's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student A)

- 11. Did you like reading this article? Why/not?
- 12. What do you think of when you hear the word 'disease'?
- 13. What do you think about what you read?
- 14. What do you know about insulin?
- 15. What are the dangers of eating too much sugary food?
- 16. How much do you worry about your health?
- 17. What food would you eat first after fasting and why?
- 18. Can you think of any risks of fasting?
- 19. Do you think scientists will find a cure for all diseases?
- 20. What questions would you like to ask the scientists?

DISCUSSION (Write your own questions)

STUDENT A's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student B)

1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	
5.	
6.	
Conveia	

Copyright @ www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com ~ 2017

DISCUSSION (Write your own questions)

STUDENT B's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student A)

1.	 	
5.	 	
6.	 	

LANGUAGE - CLOZE

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1702/170227-fasting-diet.html

Scientists have (1) ______ tests on mice showing that fasting could have many health benefits. Fasting is eating or drinking very (2) ______ or nothing for a short period of time. It is usually around 24 hours but can be for a (3) ______ days. The tests were carried out by scientists at universities in the USA and Italy. They found that occasional fasting in mice could reduce the risk (4) ______ diabetes, heart disease, cancer and other diseases. The scientists (5) ______ mice for four days on a low-calorie, low-protein and low-carbohydrate but high-fat diet. They then gave the mice just 10% of their (6) ______ calorie intake for three days. The scientists found this diet made the pancreas in the mice work better.

The pancreas is an (7) _____ in the body that uses special cells called beta cells to produce the hormone insulin. The body uses insulin to break down glucose (a kind of sugar) (8) _____ the blood. People with diabetes have trouble producing enough insulin so they have health problems because there is too much sugar in their blood. This can (9) _____ death. In type 1 diabetes, the pancreas stops producing insulin. In type 2 diabetes, (10) _____ not enough insulin is produced or the insulin that is produced has (11) _____ effect. Scientists said the mice on the fasting diet produced increased amounts of beta cells and insulin. They said their results were very promising and that tests now need to be (12) _____ on humans.

Put the correct words from the table below in the above article.

1.	(a)	contracted	(b)	constricted	(c)	conducted	(d)	combatted
2.	(a)	little	(b)	few	(c)	small	(d)	less
3.	(a)	few	(b)	various	(c)	numerous	(d)	four
4.	(a)	of	(b)	off	(c)	by	(d)	at
5.	(a)	feeds	(b)	feeding	(c)	feed	(d)	fed
6.	(a)	normally	(b)	normalize	(c)	normality	(d)	normal
7.	(a)	organ	(b)	origin	(c)	original	(d)	organic
8.	(a)	by	(b)	at	(c)	on	(d)	in
9.	(a)	cause	(b)	effect	(c)	do	(d)	have
10.	(a)	or	(b)	either	(c)	nor	(d)	both
11.	(a)	not	(b)	no	(c)	non	(d)	now
12.	(a)	done	(b)	been	(c)	had	(d)	gone

SPELLING

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1702/170227-fasting-diet.html

Paragraph 1

- 1. <u>tcdnocude</u> tests on mice
- 2. a short <u>piroed</u> of time
- 3. carried out by scsiesntit
- 4. <u>oalcisaonc</u> fasting
- 5. heart saeside
- 6. their normal <u>oecailr</u> intake

Paragraph 2

- 7. produce the <u>ooemnhr</u> insulin
- 8. too much sugar in their <u>dbool</u>
- 9. This can cause <u>ehadt</u>
- 10. has no ffteec
- 11. produced increased <u>nsamuot</u> of beta cells
- 12. their rstleus were very promising

PUT THE TEXT BACK TOGETHER

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1702/170227-fasting-diet.html

Number these lines in the correct order.

- () effect. Scientists said the mice on the fasting diet produced increased amounts of beta
- () The pancreas is an organ in the body that uses special cells called beta cells to produce the hormone
- () diabetes, either not enough insulin is produced or the insulin that is produced has no
- () fat diet. They then gave the mice just 10% of their normal calorie intake for three
- () cells and insulin. They said their results were very promising and that tests now need to be done on humans.
- () be for a few days. The tests were carried out by scientists at universities in the USA and
- () diseases. The scientists fed mice for four days on a low-calorie, low-protein and low-carbohydrate but high-
- () benefits. Fasting is eating or drinking very little or nothing for a short period of time. It is usually around 24 hours but can
- () producing enough insulin so they have health problems because there is too much sugar in their
- () insulin. The body uses insulin to break down glucose (a kind of sugar) in the blood. People with diabetes have trouble
- () Italy. They found that occasional fasting in mice could reduce the risk of diabetes, heart disease, cancer and other
- () days. The scientists found this diet made the pancreas in the mice work better.
- () blood. This can cause death. In type 1 diabetes, the pancreas stops producing insulin. In type 2
- (**1**) Scientists have conducted tests on mice showing that fasting could have many health

PUT THE WORDS IN THE RIGHT ORDER

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1702/170227-fasting-diet.html

1. is little eating or or nothing drinking Fasting very .

2. by tests scientists were at carried universities out The .

3. could diabetes reduce Fasting the in risk mice of .

4. four The fed for days scientists mice .

5. 10% intake of for their three normal days calorie Just .

6. an is pancreas The cells special uses that body the in organ .

7. glucose The body uses insulin to break down .

8. produced is that insulin The effect no has .

9. amounts increased produced diet fasting the on Mice .

10. their were promising said results very They .

CIRCLE THE CORRECT WORD (20 PAIRS)

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1702/170227-fasting-diet.html

Scientists have *conducted / contracted* tests on mice showing that fasting could have many health benefits. Fasting is eating or drinking very little or *nothing / something* for a short period of time. It is *usually / unusual* around 24 hours but can be *for / four* a few days. The tests were carried *out / in* by scientists at universities in the USA and Italy. They found that occasional fasting *on / in* mice could reduce the risk of diabetes, heart disease, cancer and *other / others* diseases. The scientists fed mice for four days on a low-calorie, low-protein and low-carbohydrate but high-fat *diets / diet*. They then gave the mice just 10% of their *normally / normal* calorie intake for three days. The scientists found this diet *made / did* the pancreas in the mice work better.

The pancreas is an *organic / organ* in the body that uses special cells called *beta / better* cells to produce the hormone insulin. The body *used / uses* insulin to break down glucose (a kind of sugar) in the *bloody / blood*. People with diabetes have trouble producing enough insulin so they have health problems because there is too *many / much* sugar in their blood. This can cause death. In type 1 diabetes, the pancreas stops *producing / produce* insulin. In type 2 diabetes, either not enough insulin is produced or the fasting diet produced has no *affect / effect*. Scientists said the mice on the fasting diet produced *increased / increase* amounts of beta cells and insulin. They said their *result / results* were very promising and that tests now need to be *done / doing* on humans.

Talk about the connection between each pair of words in italics, and why the correct word is correct.

INSERT THE VOWELS (a, e, i, o, u)

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1702/170227-fasting-diet.html

Sc__nt_sts h_v_ c_nd_ct_d t_sts _n m_c_ sh_w_ng th_t f_st_ng c__ld h_v_ m_ny h__lth b_n_f_ts. F_st_ng _s __t_ng _r dr_nk_ng v_ry l_ttl_ _r n_th_ng f_r _ sh_rt p_r__d _f t_m_. _t _s _s__lly _r__nd 24 h__rs b_t c_n b_ f_r _ f_w d_ys. Th_ t_sts w_r_ c_rr__d __t by sc__nt_sts _t _n_v_rs_t__s _n th_ _S__nd _t_ly. Th_y f__nd th_t _cc_s__n_l f_st_ng _n m_c_ c__ld r_d_c_ th_ r_sk _f d__b_t_s, h__rt d_s__s_, c_nc_r _nd _th_r d_s__s. Th_ sc__nt_sts f_d m_c_ f_r f__r d_ys _n _ l_w-c_l_r__, l_w-pr_t__n _nd l_w-c_rb_hydr_t_ b_t h_gh-f_t d_t. Th_y th_n g_v_ th_ m_c_ j_st 10% _f th__r n_rm_l c_l_r__ _nt_k_ f_r thr__ d_ys. Th_ sc__nt_sts f__nd th_s d_t m_d_ th_ p_ncr__s _n th_ m_c_ w_rk b_tt_r.

Th_ p_ncr__s _s _n _rg_n _n th_ b_dy th_t _s_s sp_c__l c_lls c_ll_d b_t_ c_lls t_ pr_d_c_ th_ h_rm_n_ _ns_l_n. Th_ b_dy _s_s _ns_l_n t_ br__k d_wn gl_c_s_ (_ k_nd _f s_g_r) _n th_ bl__d. P__pl_ w_th d__b_t_s h_v_ tr__bl_ pr_d_c_ng _n__gh _ns_l_n s_ th_y h_v_ h__lth pr_bl_ms b_c__s_ th_r_ _s t__ m_ch s_g_r _n th__r bl__d. Th_s c_n c__s_ d__th. _n typ_ 1 d__b_t_s, th_ p_ncr__s st_ps pr_d_c_ng _ns_l_n. _n typ_ 2 d__b_t_s, __th_r n_t _n__gh _ns_l_n _s pr_d_c_d _r th_ _ns_l_n th_t _s pr_d_c_d h_s n_ _ff_ct. Sc__nt_sts s__d th_ m_c__n th_ f_st_ng d__t pr_d_c_d _ncr__s_d _m__nts_f b_t_ c_lls_nd_ns_l_n. Th_y s__d th__r r_s_lts w_r_ v_ry pr_m_s_ng_nd th_t t_sts n_w n__d t_ b_ d_n_ _n h_m_ns.

PUNCTUATE THE TEXT AND ADD CAPITALS

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1702/170227-fasting-diet.html

scientists have conducted tests on mice showing that fasting could have many health benefits fasting is eating or drinking very little or nothing for a short period of time it is usually around 24 hours but can be for a few days the tests were carried out by scientists at universities in the usa and italy they found that occasional fasting in mice could reduce the risk of diabetes heart disease cancer and other diseases the scientists fed mice for four days on a low-calorie low-protein and low-carbohydrate but high-fat diet they then gave the mice just 10% of their normal calorie intake for three days the scientists found this diet made the pancreas in the mice work better

the pancreas is an organ in the body that uses special cells called beta cells to produce the hormone insulin the body uses insulin to break down glucose (a kind of sugar) in the blood people with diabetes have trouble producing enough insulin so they have health problems because there is too much sugar in their blood this can cause death in type 1 diabetes the pancreas stops producing insulin in type 2 diabetes either not enough insulin is produced or the insulin that is produced has no effect scientists said the mice on the fasting diet produced increased amounts of beta cells and insulin they said their results were very promising and that tests now need to be done on humans

21

PUT A SLASH (/) WHERE THE SPACES ARE

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1702/170227-fasting-diet.html

Scientistshaveconductedtestsonmiceshowingthatfastingcouldhave manyhealthbenefits.Fastingiseatingordrinkingverylittleornothingfo rashortperiodoftime.Itisusuallyaround24hoursbutcanbeforafewday s.ThetestswerecarriedoutbyscientistsatuniversitiesintheUSAandIta ly. They found that occasional fasting in mice could reduce the risk of diab etes, heart disease, cancer and other diseases. The scientists fed mice fo rfourdaysonalow-calorie, low-proteinandlow-carbohydratebuthighfatdiet.Theythengavethemicejust10%oftheirnormalcalorieintakefo rthreedays.Thescientistsfoundthisdietmadethepancreasinthemice workbetter.Thepancreasisanorganinthebodythatusesspecialcellscal ledbetacellstoproducethehormoneinsulin.Thebodyusesinsulintobre akdownglucose(akindofsugar)intheblood.Peoplewithdiabeteshavet roubleproducingenoughinsulinsotheyhavehealthproblemsbecauset hereistoomuchsugarintheirblood.Thiscancausedeath.Intype1diabe tes,thepancreasstopsproducinginsulin.Intype2diabetes,eithernote noughinsulinisproducedortheinsulinthatisproducedhasnoeffect.Sci entistssaidthemiceonthefastingdietproducedincreasedamountsofb etacellsandinsulin. They said their results we revery promising and that t estsnowneedtobedoneonhumans.

22

FREE WRITING

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1702/170227-fasting-diet.html

Write about **fasting** for 10 minutes. Comment on your partner's paper.

ACADEMIC WRITING

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1702/170227-fasting-diet.html

We all need to have training on how to eat healthily. Discuss.

HOMEWORK

1. VOCABULARY EXTENSION: Choose several of the words from the text. Use a dictionary or Google's search field (or another search engine) to build up more associations / collocations of each word.

2. INTERNET: Search the Internet and find out more about this news story. Share what you discover with your partner(s) in the next lesson.

3. FASTING: Make a poster about fasting. Show your work to your classmates in the next lesson. Did you all have similar things?

4. DIET TRAINING: Write a magazine article about everyone having training on how to eat healthily. Include imaginary interviews with people who are for and against this.

Read what you wrote to your classmates in the next lesson. Write down any new words and expressions you hear from your partner(s).

5. WHAT HAPPENED NEXT? Write a newspaper article about the next stage in this news story. Read what you wrote to your classmates in the next lesson. Give each other feedback on your articles.

6. LETTER: Write a letter to an expert on fasting. Ask him/her three questions about it. Give him/her three of your ideas on how we can change our eating habits to be healthier. Read your letter to your partner(s) in your next lesson. Your partner(s) will answer your questions.

ANSWERS

TRUE / FALSE (p.4)

а	F	b	т	С	т	d	т	е	F	f	т	a	F	h	F
~	•		•	<u> </u>	•	~	•	0				9	•		•

SYNONYM MATCH (p.4)

- 1. conducted
- 2. short
- 3. occasional
- 4. normal
- 5. found
- 6. produce
- 7. trouble
- 8. cause
- 9. amounts
- 10. promising

- a. done
- b. brief
- c. periodic
- d. usual
- e. discovered
- f. make
- g. problems
- h. lead to
- i. quantities
- j. good

COMPREHENSION QUESTIONS (p.8)

- 1. Mice
- 2. Two
- 3. Cancer
- 4. Fat
- 5. The pancreas
- 6. Beta cells
- 7. Glucose (sugar)
- 8. Type 1
- 9. Insulin
- 10. Humans

MULTIPLE CHOICE - QUIZ (p.9)

1. c 2. a 3. d 4. b 5. c 6. d 7. b 8. d 9. a 10. d

ALL OTHER EXERCISES

Please check for yourself by looking at the Article on page 2. (It's good for your English ;-)