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Level 3 - 27th November 2025

Music can help quicker recovery after surgery

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https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2511/251127-music-therapy-anaesthesia.html

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Please try Levels 0, 1 and 2 (they are easier).

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THE ARTICLE

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2511/251127-music-therapy-anaesthesia.html

A new study shows that music played during surgery can help patients recover. The study was conducted by doctors at India's Maulana Azad Medical College. They played flute music to a female patient while she was having her gallbladder removed. Before the operation, doctors gave the woman anaesthetic drugs to put her to sleep. Anaesthetics block pain signals and totally relax a patient's muscles while they are asleep. However, even when anaesthetics make us sleep, the part of the brain that helps us listen stays partly active. Doctors say patients can still hear music. This means patients need fewer painkilling drugs, wake up faster, and are more alert after surgery.

The lead researcher, Dr Tanvi Goel, explained why music is so helpful to patients having surgery. She said her research shows "that this is more than just simple background music". She said music was important because it helped patients feel less pain and need fewer painkillers. Coresearcher Dr Farah Husain agreed. Dr Husain is a senior specialist in anaesthesia. She is also a music therapist. She believes music has an important part to play in the operating theatre. She said: "Our aim is early discharge after surgery. Patients need to wake up clear-headed, alert... and ideally pain-free." She said music helps pain management and reduces patients' stress after they wake up.

Sources: https://www.cancernursingtoday.com/post/music-therapy-offers-recovery-benefit-after-

laparoscopic-crc-radical-resection

https://www.bbc.com/news/articles/c231dv9zpz3o

https://www. news-medical.net/news/20251027/Intraoperative-music-therapy-reduces-mu

anesthetic-use-and-physiological-stress.aspx

WARM-UPS

- **1. MUSIC:** Students walk around the class and talk to other students about music. Change partners often and share your findings.
- **2. CHAT:** In pairs / groups, talk about these topics or words from the article. What will the article say about them? What can you say about these words and your life?

study / music / patients / flute / operation / doctors / pain / sleep / drugs / alert / research / painkillers / specialist / anaesthesia / therapist / pain management / stress

Have a chat about the topics you liked. Change topics and partners frequently.

- **3. THERAPY:** Students A **strongly** believe music is the best therapy; Students B **strongly** believe hiking is the best therapy. Change partners again and talk about your conversations.
- **4. MUSIC POWER:** How can music help with these things? Why? Complete this table with your partner(s). Change partners often and share what you wrote.

	How?	Why?
Surgery		
Broken hearts		
Studying		
Sleep		
Friendships		
Studying English		

- **5. PATIENT:** Spend one minute writing down all of the different words you associate with the word "patient". Share your words with your partner(s) and talk about them. Together, put the words into different categories.
- **6. INSTRUMENTS:** Rank these with your partner. Put the best musical instruments at the top. Change partners often and share your rankings.
 - Flute
 - Electric guitar
 - Drums
 - Violin

- Piano
- Saxophone
- Accordion
- Harmonica

VOCABULARY MATCHING

Paragraph 1

- 1. study (noun) a. Get better after being sick or hurt.
- 2. surgery b. A medicine/drug that makes a person not feel pain during surgery/an operation.
- 3. recover c. A careful look at something to learn new facts.
- 4. patient (noun) d. An operation in which doctors repair (fix) or remove a part of the body.
- 5. block (verb) e. A person who is in a hospital to get treatment.
- 6. anaesthetic f. Stop something from happening or going through.
- 7. alert (adjective) 9. Awake and able to think clearly.

Paragraph 2

- 8. explained h. A room in a hospital where operations are done.
- 9. pain i. Told someone about something so they understand.
- 10. painkillers j. A person who knows a lot about one subject or job.
- 11. specialist k. The thing you want to do or achieve.
- 12. operating theatre l. A hurt or bad feeling in the body.
- 13. aim (noun) m. Let someone leave the hospital after an operation or treatment.
- ^{14.} discharge (verb) ^{n.} Medicines/drugs that stop pain.

BEFORE READING / LISTENING

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2511/251127-music-therapy-anaesthesia.html

1. TRUE / FALSE: Read the headline. Guess if a-h below are true (T) or false (F).

- 1. The article says operations are better if doctors listen to music. **T/F**
- 2. A patient listened to flute music while her gallbladder was removed. T / F
- 3. Anaesthetics are drugs to stop people feeling pain during surgery. **T/F**
- 4. Anaesthetics make people unable to hear any sound at all. T / F
- 5. Music in the operating theatre can help patients feel less pain. **T/F**
- 6. Music cannot change the amount of painkilling medicine someone needs. T / F
- 7. A doctor said patients should be alert after they wake from surgery. **T / F**
- 8. The doctor said music can make some patients feel more stressed. **T/F**

2. SYNONYM MATCH: (The words in **bold** are from the news article.)

- 1. surgery
- 2. recover
- 3. removed
- 4. block
- 5. alert
- 6. lead
- 7. specialist
- 8. aim
- 9. discharge
- 10. reduces

- a. main/head
- b. stop
- c. release
- d. get better
- e. lowers
- f. wide awake
- g. goal
- h. operations
- i. expert
- i. taken out

3. PHRASE MATCH: (Sometimes more than one choice is possible.)

- 1. while she was having her gallbladder
- 2. doctors gave the woman anaesthetic drugs
- 3. anaesthetics block pain
- 4. anaesthetics make us
- 5. patients need fewer painkilling
- 6. this is more than just simple background
- 7. Dr Husain is a senior specialist
- 8. She is also a music
- 9. in the operating
- 10. music helps pain

- a. therapist
- b. drugs
- c. management
- d. music
- e. signals
- f. removed
- g. theatre
- h. sleep
- i. in anaesthesia
- j. to put her to sleep

GAP FILL

Α	new	study	shows	that	music	played	during	muscles
(1)			caı	n help	patients r	ecover. Th	ne study	alert
was	(2)			by doc	tors at Ind	dia's Maula	ına Azad	surgery
Med	ical Coll	ege. They	y played fl	ute mu	sic to a fe	male patie	ent while	
she	was hav	ing her g	jallbladder	(3)			. Before	removed
the	operatio	n, docto	rs gave th	ne wom	an anaest	hetic drug	s to put	fewer
her	to sleep	. Anaestl	netics (4) _			pair	n signals	conducted
and	totally	relax a pa	atient's (5)			wl	nile they	active
are	asleep.	However	, even wh	en anae	esthetics n	nake us sl	eep, the	
part	of t	the brai	in that	helps	us liste	en stays	partly	block
(6) _			D	octors	say patie	nts can s	till hear	
mus	ic. This	means	patients	need	(7)			
pain	killing	drugs,	wake	up	faster a	and are	more	
(8)			afte	r surge	ry.			
The	(9)			re	searcher,	Dr Tanv	vi Goel,	specialist
						aving surg		•
said		research	_	•		more that	_	lead
						'. She sai	_	alert
						ess pain a		part
(11)			р	ainkiller	rs. Co-res	earcher D	r Farah	reduces
Husa	ain agre	ed. Dr H	usain is a	senior	(12)			fewer
in a	naesthe	sia. She	is also a r	nusic th	nerapist. S	She believe	es music	
has	an im	portant (13)			_ to play	in the	aim
oper	ating th	neatre. S	he said: '	'Our (14))		is	simple
early	/ discha	arge afte	r surgery.	Patien	ts need t	o wake u	p clear-	
head	ded, (15)				. and idea	lly pain-fre	ee." She	
said	m	usic	helps	pain	man	agement	and	
(16) _			pat	ients' s	tress after	they wak	e up.	

LISTENING — Guess the answers. Listen to check.

1)	A new study shows that music played during surgery can a. help patients recovered
	b. help patients recover
	c. help patients recovery
21	d. help patients recovers They played flute music to
۷)	a. a female patience
	b. a female impatient
	c. a female patent
31	d. a female patient doctors gave the woman anaesthetic drugs to put
J	a. her to asleep
	b. her to sleep
	c. her to sleepy d. her to sleeps
4)	the part of the brain that helps us listen
٠,	a. stays partly active
	b. stays apart active
	c. stays partly activityd. stay partly active
5)	patients need fewer painkilling drugs, wake up faster, and are more
	a. allot after surgery
	b. a lot after surgeryc. alerts after surgery
	d. alert after surgery
6)	Dr Tanvi Goel explained why music is so helpful to
	a. patients doing surgery
	b. patients operating surgeryc. patients being surgery
	d. patients having surgery
7)	important because it helped patients feel less pain and
	a. need fewer painkillersb. need lessen painkillers
	c. need reduce painkillers
	d. need dearth painkillers
8)	She believes music has an important part to play in
	a. the operating cinemab. the operating theatre
	c. the operating play
	d. the operating hall
9)	She said: "Our aim is early" a. discharge after surging
	b. discharge after surgeon
	c. discharge after surgery
	d. discharge after sugary
Τ0) music helps pain management and reduces patients' stress after a. they awake up
	b. they wake up
	c. they wakes up
	d. they awaken up

LISTENING – Listen and fill in the gaps

A new study shows that music (1)	can help
patients recover. The study (2)	doctors at
India's Maulana Azad Medical College. They played flute music	to a female
patient while she was having her gallbladder	removed.
(3), doctors gave the woman	anaesthetic
drugs to put her to sleep. Anaesthetics (4)	
and totally relax a patient's muscles while they are asleep. How	vever, even
when anaesthetics make us sleep, the part of the brain that hel	ps us listen
(5) Doctors say patients can still	hear music.
This means patients need fewer painkilling drugs, wake up fast	er, and are
(6) surgery.	
The lead researcher, Dr Tanvi Goel, (7)	is so
helpful to patients having surgery. She said her research shows	"that this is
more than just (8)". She said	music was
important because it helped patients feel less	pain and
(9) Co-researcher Dr Farah Hus	ain agreed.
Dr Husain is a senior specialist in anaesthesia. She	e is also
(10) She believes music has ar	ı important
part to play in the operating theatre. She sa	aid: "Our
(11) discharge after surgery. Patie	nts need to
wake up clear-headed, alert and (12)	" She
said music helps pain management and reduces patients' stress	after they
wake up.	

COMPREHENSION QUESTIONS

1.	In which country was a study into music therapy conducted?
2.	What kind of music did doctors play to a woman in surgery?
3.	What did doctors remove from the woman?
4.	What do anaesthetics block?
5.	What might patients need fewer of with music therapy?
6.	What does music help patients feel less of?
7.	What is Dr Farah Husain an expert in besides anaesthesia?
8.	Where does Dr Husain think music has an important part to play?
9.	What does Dr Huasin want to do to patients after surgery?
10.	What did Dr Husain say music can manage?

MULTIPLE CHOICE - QUIZ

- 1) In which country was a study into music therapy conducted?
- a) the USA
- b) France
- c) India
- d) Kenya
- 2) What kind of music did doctors play to a woman in surgery?
- a) flute music
- b) rap music
- c) jazz
- d) children's music
- 3) What did doctors remove from the woman?
- a) her shoes
- b) her gallbladder
- c) her name tag
- d) her jewellery
- 4) What do anaesthetics block?
- a) the lungs
- b) blood flow
- c) the stomach
- d) pain signals
- 5) What might patients need fewer of with music therapy?
- a) meals
- b) records
- c) painkillers
- d) visitors

- 6) What does music help patients feel less of?
- a) danger
- b) pain
- c) stress
- d) boredom
- 7) What is Dr Farah Husain an expert in besides anaesthesia?
- a) guitars
- b) stomachs
- c) blood
- d) music therapy
- 8) Where does Dr Husain think music has an important part to play?
- a) at the opera
- b) in the operating theatre
- c) in the bath
- d) on trains
- 9) What does Dr Husain want to do to patients after surgery?
- a) give them a hug
- b) discharge them
- c) talk to them
- d) give them a present
- 10) What did Dr Husain say music can manage?
- a) pain
- b) finances
- c) lifestyles
- d) daily routines

ROLE PLAY

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2511/251127-music-therapy-anaesthesia.html

Role A – Flute

You think the flute is the best instrument. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them what is wrong with their instruments. Also, tell the others which is the worst of these (and why): the drums, the piano or the guitar.

Role B - The Drums

You think the drums is the best instrument. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them what is wrong with their instruments. Also, tell the others which is the worst of these (and why): the flute, the piano or the guitar.

Role C - Piano

You think the piano is the best instrument. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them what is wrong with their instruments. Also, tell the others which is the worst of these (and why): the drums, the flute or the guitar.

Role D - Guitar

You think the guitar is the best instrument. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them what is wrong with their instruments. Also, tell the others which is the worst of these (and why): the drums, the piano or the flute.

AFTER READING / LISTENING

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2511/251127-music-therapy-anaesthesia.html

1. WORD SEARCH: Look online / in your dictionary to find collocates, information on, synonyms for... the words 'music' and 'therapy'.

music	therapy

- Share your findings with your partners.
- Make questions using the words you found.
- Ask your partner / group your questions.
- **2. ARTICLE QUESTIONS:** Look back at the article and write down some questions you would like to ask the class about the text.
 - Share your questions with other classmates / groups.
 - Ask your partner / group your questions.
- **3. GAP FILL:** In pairs / groups, compare your answers to this exercise. Check your answers. Talk about the words from the activity. Were they new, interesting, worth learning...?
- **4. VOCABULARY:** Circle any words you do not understand. In groups, pool unknown words and use dictionaries to find their meanings.
- **5. TEST EACH OTHER:** Look at the words below. With your partner, try to recall how they were used in the text:

• during	 explained
• female	• simple
before	• agreed
block	believes
• even	 discharge
• faster	• reduces

MUSIC SURVEY

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2511/251127-music-therapy-anaesthesia.html

Write five GOOD questions about music in the table. Do this in pairs. Each student must write the questions on his / her own paper.

When you have finished, interview other students. Write down their answers.

	STUDENT 1	STUDENT 2	STUDENT 3
Q.1.			
Q.2.			
Q.3.			
Q.4.			
Q.5.			

- Now return to your original partner and share and talk about what you found out. Change partners often.
- Make mini-presentations to other groups on your findings.

MUSIC DISCUSSION

STUDENT A's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student B)

- 1. What did you think when you read the headline?
- 2. What images are in your mind when you hear the word 'music'?
- 3. What do you think of music?
- 4. What do you think of patients listening to music during surgery?
- 5. When and where can music help us?
- 6. Why do we all love and hate different types of music?
- 7. Should everyone learn to read music and play an instrument?
- 8. What effect does music have in hospitals?
- 9. What songs would you choose if you had an operation?
- 10. Should surgeons listen to music when they operate?

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MUSIC DISCUSSION

STUDENT B's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student A)

- 11. Did you like reading this article? Why/not?
- 12. What do you think of when you hear the word 'therapy'?
- 13. What do you think about what you read?
- 14. Why do people love music so much?
- 15. What do you think of music therapy?
- 16. Have you ever had surgery?
- 17. What do you think of painkillers?
- 18. How stressful is staying in hospital?
- 19. When is music most important in your life?
- 20. What questions would you like to ask the doctors?

DISCUSSION (Write your own questions)

STUDENT A's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student B)

1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	
5.	
6.	
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n t	
	SCUSSION (Write your own questions) DENT B's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student A)
<u>STU</u>	
<u>STU</u> 1.	
<u>STU</u> 1. 2.	DENT B's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student A)
<u>STU</u> 1. 2. 3.	DENT B's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student A)
	DENT B's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student A)

LANGUAGE - CLOZE

	ew stu	lay snows tna	t musi	c played durin	g sui	rgery can he	lp pati	ents (1)
The	study	was conducte	d (2)	doctors at	India	a's Maulana <i>A</i>	zad M	edical College
	-			emale patient				_
rem	oved.	Before the op	eration	n, doctors gave	e the	woman anae	esthetic	drugs to put
her	to sle	ep. Anaestheti	cs bloc	k pain signals	and ((4) relax	k a pat	ient's muscles
whil	e they	are asleep. H	oweve	r, even when a	naes	thetics make	us slee	ep, the part of
the	brain	that helps us	listen	(5) partly	/ acti	ve. Doctors	say pa	tients can stil
hear	mus	ic. This means	patien	its need fewer	painl	killing drugs,	wake	up faster, and
are	(6)	alert after s	urgery					
The	lead	researcher, Dr	Tanvi	Goel, explaine	ed wh	ny music is s	o helpi	ful to patients
(7) _	§	surgery. She s	aid her	research sho	ws "t	hat this is m	ore tha	an just simple
back	kgrour	nd music". She	e said ı	music was imp	ortar	nt because it	helped	d patients fee
(8) _	p	ain and need t	fewer p	ainkillers. Co-	resea	rcher Dr Fara	ah Husa	ain agreed. Di
Hus	ain is	a senior specia	alist (9)	anaesthe	esia. S	She is also a	music	therapist. She
belie	eves r	nusic has an i	mporta	int part (10)	p	lay in the op	erating	g theatre. She
said	: "Oı	ır aim is ear	ly disc	charge after	surge	ery. Patients	need	to wake up
clea	r-(11)	, alert	and ide	eally pain-free.	" She	e said music	helps	pain (12)
and	reduc	es patients' st	ress aft	ter they wake i	лр.			
D::+	the c	orroct words	from	the table belo	ow in	the shows		
rut		orrect words				the above	article	
1.	(a)	recover	(b)		(c)	recovers	(d)	recovered
	(a) (a)							
1.		recover	(b)	recovery	(c)	recovers	(d)	recovered
1. 2.	(a)	recover of	(b) (b)	recovery at	(c)	recovers by	(d) (d)	recovered to
1. 2. 3.	(a) (a)	recover of have	(b) (b)	recovery at had	(c) (c)	recovers by has	(d) (d) (d)	recovered to having
1. 2. 3. 4.	(a) (a) (a)	recover of have total	(b) (b) (b) (b)	recovery at had totally	(c) (c) (c)	recovers by has totals	(d) (d) (d) (d)	recovered to having totalled
1. 2. 3. 4.	(a) (a) (a) (a)	recover of have total stayed	(b)(b)(b)(b)	recovery at had totally staying	(c) (c) (c) (c)	recovers by has totals stay	(d) (d) (d) (d) (d)	recovered to having totalled stays
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)	recover of have total stayed some	(b)(b)(b)(b)(b)	recovery at had totally staying many	(c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c)	recovers by has totals stay more	(d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d)	recovered to having totalled stays any
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)	recover of have total stayed some has	(b)(b)(b)(b)(b)(b)	recovery at had totally staying many having	(c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c)	recovers by has totals stay more had	(d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d)	recovered to having totalled stays any have
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)	recover of have total stayed some has less	(b)(b)(b)(b)(b)(b)(b)	recovery at had totally staying many having fewer	(c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c)	recovers by has totals stay more had rarely	(d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d)	recovered to having totalled stays any have barely
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)	recover of have total stayed some has less in	(b)(b)(b)(b)(b)(b)(b)(b)	recovery at had totally staying many having fewer at	(c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c)	recovers by has totals stay more had rarely	(d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d)	recovered to having totalled stays any have barely

SPELLING

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2511/251127-music-therapy-anaesthesia.html

Paragraph 1

- 1. help inasptte recover
- 2. They played <u>tufel</u> music
- 3. Before the topreiona
- 4. block pain sglsian
- 5. stays tlypar active
- 6. wake up faster and more tarel

Paragraph 2

- 7. The lead sherrreace
- 8. need fewer rlnislpkaei
- 9. Dr Husain is a senior iieslapcts
- 10. She is also a music pesthtira
- 11. an important part to play in the nearotipg theatre
- 12. Our aim is early <u>ahsrcgied</u> after surgery

PUT THE TEXT BACK TOGETHER

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2511/251127-music-therapy-anaesthesia.html

Number these lines in the correct order.

(1)	A new study shows that music played during surgery can help patients recover. The study was conducted
()	after surgery. Patients need to wake up clear-headed, alert and ideally pain-free." She said music helps pain
()	asleep. However, even when anaesthetics make us sleep, the part of the brain that helps us
()	by doctors at India's Maulana Azad Medical College. They played flute music to a female
()	drugs to put her to sleep. Anaesthetics block pain signals and totally relax a patient's muscles while they are
()	listen stays partly active. Doctors say patients can still hear music. This means patients
()	management and reduces patients' stress after they wake up.
()	music". She said music was important because it helped patients feel less pain and need fewer painkillers. Co-
()	need fewer painkilling drugs, wake up faster, and are more alert after surgery.
()	patient while she was having her gallbladder removed. Before the operation, doctors gave the woman anaesthetic
()	researcher Dr Farah Husain agreed. Dr Husain is a senior specialist in anaesthesia. She is also a music
()	surgery. She said her research shows "that this is more than just simple background
()	The lead researcher, Dr Tanvi Goel, explained why music is so helpful to patients having
()	therapist. She believes music has an important part to play in the operating theatre. She said: "Our aim is early discharge

PUT THE WORDS IN THE RIGHT ORDER

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2511/251127-music-therapy-anaesthesia.html

played Music surgery during help can recover patients . 2. They flute played to music female a patient . 3. a Relax muscles patient's they while asleep are . 4. The of part brain the helps that us . 5. means This need patients painkilling fewer drugs . 6. is Music helpful so patients to surgery having . 7. This more is just than background simple music . 8. because Important helped it feel patients pain less . 9. Music an has part important play to . 10. Our is aim discharge early surgery after .

CIRCLE THE CORRECT WORD (20 PAIRS)

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2511/251127-music-therapy-anaesthesia.html

A new study shows that music played while / during surgery can help patients recover. The study was conducted of / by doctors at India's Maulana Azad Medical College. They played flute music to a / the female patient while she was having / had her gallbladder removed. Before the operation, doctors gave the woman anaesthetic drugs to put her to asleep / sleep. Anaesthetics block pain signals and total / totally relax a patient's muscles while they are asleep. However, even when anaesthetics make us sleep, the partner / part of the brain that helps us listen stays partly active / activity. Doctors say patients can still hear / listen music. This means patients need fewer painkilling drugs, wake up faster, and are more alert after surges / surgery.

The lead researcher, Dr Tanvi Goel, explanation / explained why music is so helpful to patients having / doing surgery. She said her research shows "what / that this is more than just simple background music". She said music was importance / important because it helped patients feel less pain and need / needs fewer painkillers. Co-researcher Dr Farah Husain agreed. Dr Husain is a senior special / specialist in anaesthesia. She is also a music therapist. She believes music has an important part to / for play in the operating theatre. She said: "Our aim is early discharge / charge after surgery. Patients need to wake up clear-headed, alert... and ideal / ideally pain-free." She said music helps pain management and reduces patients' / patience stress after they wake up.

Talk about the connection between each pair of words in italics, and why the correct word is correct. Look up the definition of new words.

INSERT THE VOWELS (a, e, i, o, u)

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_ n _w st _dy sh _ws th _t m _s _c pl _y _d d _r _ng s _rg _ry c _n h _lp p _t _ _nts r _c _v _r. Th _ st _dy w _s c _nd _ct _d by d _ct _rs _t _nd _ _'s M _ _l _n _ z _d M _d _c _l C _ll _. Th _y pl _y _d fl _t _ m _s _c t _ _ f _m _l p _t _ _nt wh _l _ sh _ w _s h _v _ng h _r _llbl _dd _r r _m _v _d. B _f _r _ th _ _p _r _t _n, d _ct _rs g _v _ th _ w _m _n _n _ sth _t _c dr _gs t _ p _t h _r t _ sl _ _p. _n _ _sth _t _cs bl _ck p _ _n s _gn _ls _nd t _t _lly r _l _x _ p _t _ _nt's m _scl _s wh _l _ th _y _r _ _sl _p. H _w _v _r, _v _n wh _n _n _ _sth _t _cs m _k _ _s sl _ _p, th _ p _rt _f th _ br _ _n th _t h _lps _s l _st _n st _ys p _rtly _ct _v _. D _ct $_$ rs s $_$ y p $_$ t $_$ $_$ nts c $_$ n st $_$ II h $_$ $_$ r m $_$ s $_$ c. Th _s m _ _ns p _t _ _nts n _ _d f _w _r p _nk _ll _ng dr _gs, w _k _ _p f _st _r, _nd _r_ m _r _ _l _rt _ft _r s _rg _ry. $\label{eq:thmoments} \mathsf{Th} \ \ \ \, \mathsf{I} \ \ \ \, \mathsf{L} \ \ \, \mathsf{d} \ \ r \ \ \mathsf{s} \ \ \ \, \mathsf{L} \ \mathsf{r}, \ \ \mathsf{Dr} \ \ \mathsf{T} \ \ \mathsf{L} \ \mathsf{n} \mathsf{v} \ \ \ \mathsf{G} \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \mathsf{L} \ \mathsf{I},$ _xpl _ _n _d why m _s _c _s s _ h _lpf _l t _ _t _ _nts h _v _ng s _rg _ry. Sh _ s _ _d h _r r _s _ rch sh _ws "th _t th _s _s m _r _ th _n j _st s _mpl _ b _ckgr _ _nd m _s _c". Sh _ s m _s _c w _s _mp _rt _nt b _c _ _s _ _t h _lp _d p _t _ _nts f _ _l l _ss p _ _n _nd n _ _d f _w _r p _ _nk _II _rs. C _-r _s _ _rch _r Dr F _r H $_s$ $_$ $_n$ $_gr$ $_$ $_d$. Dr H $_s$ $_$ $_n$ $_s$ $_s$ $_n$ sp _c _ _l _st _n _n _ _sth _s _ _. Sh _ _s _ls _ _ m _s _c th _r _p _st. Sh _ b _l _ _v _s m _s _c h _s _n _mp _rt _nt p _rt t _ pl _y _n th _ _p _r _t _ng th _ _tr _. Sh _ s _ _d: " _ _r _ _m _s _ _rly d _sch _rg _ _ft _r s _rg _ry. P _t _ _nts n _ _d t _ w _k _ _p cl _ _r-h _ _d _d, _l _rt... _nd _d _ _lly p _ _n-fr _ _." Sh _ s _ _d m _s _c h _lps p _ _n m _n _g _m _nt _nd r _d _c _s p _t _ _nts' str _ss _ft _r th _y w _k _ _p.

PUNCTUATE THE TEXT AND ADD CAPITALS

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2511/251127-music-therapy-anaesthesia.html

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Level 3 Music can help quicker recovery after surgery – 27th November 2025

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PUT A SLASH (/) WHERE THE SPACES ARE

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2511/251127-music-therapy-anaesthesia.html

Anewstudyshowsthatmusicplayedduringsurgerycanhelppatientsrec over. The study was conducted by doctors at India's Maulana Azad MedicalCollege.Theyplayedflutemusictoafemalepatientwhileshewashavin ghergallbladderremoved.Beforetheoperation,doctorsgavethewoma nanaestheticdrugstoputhertosleep. Anaestheticsblockpainsignalsan dtotallyrelaxapatient'smuscleswhiletheyareasleep. However, evenw henanaestheticsmakeussleep, the part of the brain that helps us listenst ay spartly active. Doctors say patients can still hear music. This means pair the same and thetientsneedfewerpainkillingdrugs, wakeupfaster, and are more alertaft ersurgery. The leadresearcher, Dr Tanvi Goel, explained why musicisso helpfultopatientshavingsurgery. Shesaidherresearchshows "thatthis ismorethanjustsimplebackgroundmusic". Shesaidmusicwasimporta ntbecauseithelpedpatientsfeellesspainandneedfewerpainkillers.CoresearcherDrFarahHusainagreed.DrHusainisaseniorspecialistinana esthesia. Sheisal soamusictherapist. Shebelieves musichasan importa ntparttoplayintheoperatingtheatre. Shesaid: "Ouraimisearly dischar geaftersurgery.Patientsneedtowakeupclear-headed,alert...andidea llypain-free."Shesaidmusichelpspainmanagementandreducespatie nts'stressaftertheywakeup.

FREE WRITING

Write about music therapy for 10	0 minutes. C	Comment on your	partner's paper.

ACADEMIC WRITING

Music is the best therapy. Discuss.			

HOMEWORK

- **1. VOCABULARY EXTENSION:** Choose several of the words from the text. Use a dictionary or Google's search field (or another search engine) to build up more associations / collocations of each word.
- **2. INTERNET:** Search the Internet and find out more about this news story. Share what you discover with your partner(s) in the next lesson.
- **3. MUSIC:** Make a poster about music. Show your work to your classmates in the next lesson. Did you all have similar things?
- **4. MUSIC THERAPY:** Write a magazine article about music therapy becoming an everyday part of our lives. Include imaginary interviews with people who are for and against this.

Read what you wrote to your classmates in the next lesson. Write down any new words and expressions you hear from your partner(s).

- **5. WHAT HAPPENED NEXT?** Write a newspaper article about the next stage in this news story. Read what you wrote to your classmates in the next lesson. Give each other feedback on your articles.
- **6. LETTER:** Write a letter to an expert on music. Ask him/her three questions about it. Give him/her three of your opinions on how it can help us. Read your letter to your partner(s) in your next lesson. Your partner(s) will answer your questions.

ANSWERS

VOCABULARY (p.4)

1. С 2. d 3. а 4. e 5. f 6. b 7. 8. i 9. 10. 11. j 12. h 13. 14. n m

TRUE / FALSE (p.5)

1 F 2 T 3 T 4 F 5 T 6 F 7 T 8 F

SYNONYM MATCH (p.5)

1. h	2. d	3. j	4. b	5. f
6. a	7. i	8. g	9. c	10. e

COMPREHENSION QUESTIONS (p.9)

WORDS IN THE RIGHT ORDER (p.19)

1.	India	1.	Music played during surgery can help patients recover.
2.	Flute music	2.	They played flute music to a female patient.
3.	Her gallbladder	3.	Relax a patient's muscles while they are asleep.
4.	Pain signals	4.	The part of the brain that helps us.
5.	Painkillers	5.	This means patients need fewer painkilling drugs.
6.	Pain	6.	Music is so helpful to patients having surgery.
7.	Music therapy	7.	This is more than just simple background music.
8.	In the operating theatre	8.	Important because it helped patients feel less pain.
9.	Discharge them	9.	Music has an important part to play.
10.	Pain	10.	Our aim is early discharge after surgery.

MULTIPLE CHOICE - QUIZ (p.10)

1. c 2. a 3. b 4. d 5. c 6. b 7. d 8. b 9. b 10. a

ALL OTHER EXERCISES

Please check for yourself by looking at the Article on page 2. (It's good for your English;-)